### GCC opens emergency meeting

BAHRAIN (R) - Foreign ministers of the Gulf Cooperation Council began an emergency meeting in Riyadh Tuesday which was expected to consider more aid for Iraq and the deterioration m relations between Baghdad and Damascus. The official Saudi Press Agency reported that ministers from Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar. Oman, Bahrain and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) were artending the talks in the Saudi capital. Diplomats said the agenda for the second emergency meeting since February was certain to include possible further aid for Iraq. Kuwait has been trying to mediate in the Iraqi-Syrian dispute, which followed Syria's support for Iran in the war.

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# from Germany

AMMAN (Petra) — Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker returned to Amman on Tuesday evening at the end of a visit to West Germany which lasted several days. He was received at the airport by the chief of staff and a number of highranking officers.

### **OPEC** 'under less pressure' for cuts in oil prices

die VIENNA (R) — OPEC oil ministers arriving for a meeting Wednesday of the group's market monitoring committee said Tuesday
they thought pressure for an oil
price cut in the present glut was easing. "We are under less pressure now," said the OPEC president, Mana Said Al Oteiba, oil minister of the United Arab Emirates. Asked if he agreed with this, Indonesian Oil Minister Suhroto said: "Yes. You can see a firming it up of spot market prices." The lik spot market, where sellers unload Man surpluses and buyers make up Bur, shortages in long-term contract in & supplies, acts as a barometer of oil supply, demand and price trends. The four-member committee will kdr. review progress under an OPEC agreement reached one month in ago to defend the current refthe crence price of \$34 a barrel by cutting total output from OPEC (the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) to a ceiling of 17.5 million barrels daily. Dr. Suhroto said he believed pro-duction had fallen below this level but declined to say by how much. Earlier the Venezuelan oil minister. Humberto Calderon Berti, asked if the \$34 price could be defended, told Reuters: "Let's

### a Iraqi troops kill .09 Iranians, lose one fighter plane

see. I hope (it can)."

BEIRUT (R) — Iraq lost one air-craft Tuesday in action against Iranian forces in the southern sector of the Gulf war front, the official Iraq News Agency reported. It said other planes returned safely to base after raiding targets in the area. In other action in the war, Iraqi-troops killed 69 Iranians and destroyed two tanks. Five Iraqis died, it added. The agency also reported the arrival in Baghdad of one of two Islamic peace missions trying to mediate an end to the Gulf war. The mission from the Pakistan-based World Islamie Council, led hy Sri Lankan Tra-nsport Minister M.H. Mohammad, is on its second visit to the Iraqi capital this month. Another peace mission, from the Saudi Arabia-based Organisation of Islamie Conference (OIC) left Tehran Tuesday after its second visit there in 24 hours for talks with Iranian leaders. Mediation bids by the United Nations and the Non-Aligned Movement have failed to find common ground for ending the war which broke out nearly 20 months ago.

### Haddad forces blow up house

BEIRUT (R) - Israeli-backed militia infiltrated the United Nations zone of South Lebanon Monday night and blew up a house in Barshit village, security sources said Tuesday. An exchange of small arms fire followed the explosion and an Irish patrol from the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) later found a dead man in the area, a UNIFIL spokesman said Residents said the man was from Bint Jubayl town in the Lebanese border strip. which is controlled by the Israelibacked forces of renegade Lebanese Army Maj. Saad Haddad, the spokesman added.

### Baum leaves Riyadh

IEDDAH (R) - West German Interior Minister Gerhart Baum left Saudi Arabia Tuesday after agreeing on security cooperation between the two countries in talks with Prince Nayof Ibn Abdulaziz. Mr. Baum and Prince Nayef sig-ned a communique in Riyadh Tuesday but details of its contents were not immediately available.

### Sharif Zaid returns Klibi praises resistance to Zionist occupation

AMMAN (J.T.) — Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi Tuesday hailed the heroic uprising of the kinsmen in the occupied Arab territories and their resistance to the Zionist occupation des-

igns and expansionist ambitions. Mr. Klibi, who left Amman Tuesday after discussions with His Majesty King Hussein on the developments taking place in the area. told the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that he found King Hussein as usual, enthusiastic about supporting joint Arab action and eager to build Arab solidarity to cope with the dangers threatening the Arabs.

The Arab League secretary general, who arrived here Monday on a one-day visit, said his visit was part of the periodic ones he makes to the area whenever necessary. He also stressed the need for coordination among the Arab League member states in time before the United Nations General Assembly emergency session scheduled to he held in a few days' time.

King Hussein and Mr. Klibi discussed the developments taking place in the Arab area and the Arab League's role in eliminating the obstacles in the way of reaching joint Arab strategy as well as ways to strengthen Arah relations in the manner that can serve the interests of the Arab Nation and its national goals.

Mr. Klibi was seen off at the airport by Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem and several senior officials of the Foreign Ministry.

# Progress reported on **Egypt-Israel Sinai** border dispute talks

CAIRO (Agencies) — U.S. presidential envoy Walter Stoessel reported progress Tuesday in a new talks with President Hosni Mubarak on Egypt's Sinai dispute with Israel.

Israel Mr. Stoessel had an hourlong meeting with President Mubarak. Afterwards he refused to answer questions but told rep-

The talks were cordial. I believe these talks, like previous talks, have made progress. Things are moving well."

The envoy again stressed his confidence that differences will be resolved prior to Israel's planned withdrawal from its remaining positions in Sinai on April 25.

The differences concern boundary disputes, particularly in the Taba area south of Eilat, and Israeli complaints about Egyptian actions in areas of Sinai already handed hack.

Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali and Deputy Foreign Minister Boutros Ghali also took part in Tuesday's talks and before returning to Israel Mr. Stoessel held a further meeting with Mr. Ghali.

The Egyptian daily Al Goumhoria reported Egyptian officials and technicians were due to

move in Tuesday to the town of Rafah and other areas scheduled

for handover on Sunday.

The paper said the officials would take over various installations and control of records Soon after returning here from . covering births, deaths, car ownership and other matters.

Yamit evacuation

Meanwhile, Israel has hrough in army reinforcements to start the difficult task of bodily evicting northern Sinai settlers, most of whom are discontended with the compensation the government is offering for their new homes elsewhere.

over the compensation terms, the army was reported to be planning a big raid to evict Jewish ext remists from Yamit township.

Tension in Yamit was fuelled by radio announcements saying when the protesters were evicted, demolition teams would flatten the prefabricated, modern township. Convoys of trailers have been

transporting all moveable structures from outlying agricultural settlements. Water pipes have been unearthed and even telegraph poles taken away.

### Gulf security is region's own affair, Saudi-Indian joint communique declares

JÉDDAH (R) - India and Saudi to create a suitable atmosphere for Arabia said Tuesday the security of the Gulf region was the sole responsibility of Gulf states and called for an end to foreign military presence in the Indian

In a joint communique after a four-day vish to the kingdom hy Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi, they called on big powers to reduce and eventually eliminate their military presence from the Indian Ocean.

At a press conference following talks with King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd, Mrs. Gandhi linked the stability and security of the Gulf region to that of the Indian sub-continent. "This requires continuous and close consultations between India and the kingdom,"

The official Saudi Press Agency reported her as saying she had agreed in talks with Saudi leaders negotiations with Pakistan, which has elose links with Saudi Arabia hut uneasy relations with India. India has expressed concern

over purchases by Pakistan of advanced U.S. weapons, which Pakistani officials said Islamic fri-ends would help finance.

India and Saudi Arabia agreed that the consolidation of relations in the sub-continent would also promote peace and stability in South Asia and the entire region.

They pledged support for efforts by Islamic and non-aligned nations to end the Iran-Iraq war which, the communique said, was a grave threat to peace and stability in the region.

They said the April 11 shooting incident on the sacred Al Aqsa Mosque in occupied Jerusalem was "yet another instance of Israeli provocative and aggressive

### **Basque violence worries Madrid**

MADRID (R) - The Spanish parliament Tuesday requested Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo to report on the latest wave of Basque guerrilla violence and steps taken to stop it.

Parliamentary sources said Mr. Calvo Sotelo and Interior Minister Juan Jose Roson might address the congress (lower house) later this week on the bombing of Madrid's main telephone exchange at the weekend.

Separatist guerrillas last week told Spanish security forces to withdrawa from the Basque country within 30 days, and staged six

grenade attacks on policemen and Civil Guards.

The defence ministry has ordered troops to relieve security forces protecting key installations so that they could concentrate on the fight against the guerrillas.

Military sources said troops would seal the border with France in the Basque country to prevent guerrillas from trying to cross through mountain passes.

Police sources indicated that other, undisclosed steps were decided at an emergency cabine: meeting last Sunday.



### Obeidat sworn

AMMAN (Petra) - New Interior Minister Ahmad Obeidat (second from right) was sworn in on Tuesday evening at the Royal Court before His Majesty King Hussein. The swearing-in ceremony was attended by Prime Minister Mudar Badran (second from left], Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi (far left), and Court Minister Amer Khammash.

### London rejects new Argentine proposals

orts to defuse the Falklands erisis hung in the balance Tuesday as a powerful British fleet closed in on the disputed islands.

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher made it clear that her government could not accept the latest Argentine proposals, relayed by U.S. Secretary of State

Alexander Haig.

But she told parliament that she was sending Foreign Secretary Francis Pym to Washington on Thursday with counter-proposals. Military experts have calculated that the spearhead of the British task force steaming towards the Falklands should he within striking distance of the region by the time Mr. Pym arrives in the Uni-

"That's right," a Thatcher aide told reporters. "It's known as backing diplomacy.

Argentina meanwhile called a meeting of the Organisation of American States (OAS) in Washington as a preliminary move towards invoking a pan-American collective defence treaty. Foreign ministry sources in

Buenos Aires said the decision reflected fear of attack by the British fleel. hut it was also a move to increase international pressure on Britain to negonate on the hasis of the Argentine peace proposals.

The OAS meeting could emb-

LONDON (R1 - Diplomatic eff- arrass the United States, which has found itself caught in a sensinve position between its obligations to Britain and Argentina.

Mr. Haig. who returned to Washington from Buenos Aires Tuesday, has opposed the mee-ting. Vice-President George Bush

declined to say whether the United States would feel bound to side with Argentina under the terms of the 1947 defence treaty.

"There are varying legal opi-

nions and I would simply not get into that matter right now." he The Argentine foreign ministry sources said their peace plan pro-

vided for a joint Argentine, British and U.S. administration in the Faiklands until Dec. 31. Talks on the ownership of the islands would take place meantime. Argentina would withdraw

the forces which seized them on April 2 and Britain would recall its Mrs. Thatcher said the Arg-entine proposals fell short of British objectives, citing their failure to provide for the 1,800 inb-

abitants of the Falklands to determine their own future. Mrs. Thatcher said she remained committed to seeking a dipindication of the counter-

lomatic solution, but she gave no proposals Mr. Pym will take to Washington.

### Israeli planes fired at over Golan, S. Lebanon

aircraft missile was fired at an Israeli plane flying over the annexed Golan Heights Monday, and Israeli reconnaissance flights were fired at Tuesday over southern Lebanon, an Israeli military spokesman said.

He said none of the Israeli planes was hit.

Fragments of the Syrian missile were found in an Israeli settlement on the Golan Heights, which Israel occupied in the 1967 Middle

East war, the spokesman added. He said the fire over southern Lehanon was from shoulder-held missiles and conventional antiaircraft guns, and was believed to have come from Palestinian-held positions near the port of Tyre and the town of Nabanya.

The United Nations spokesman in Nahariya in northern Israel confirmed that anti-aircraft fire had been directed at Israeli planes flying over South Lebanon Tuesday.

# U.S. vetoes Security Council resolution condemning Israel

American U.N. Representative

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies)

— The United States Tuesday vetoed a U.N. Security Council resolution which condemned the attack on Al Aqsa Mosque.

The vote was 14 in favour and one against. The negative vote by the United States, one of the council's five

permanent members, was sufficient to kill the draft. It was the 31st U.S. veto since the U.N. was established in 1945. The vote followed a week-long debate on the April 11 anack on the sacred Al Aqsa Mosque by

Alan Goodman, an American-born Israeli soldier, who killed two worshippers and wounded 30. The incident sparked off widespread protests in Israelioccupied territories and four Palestinian youths were killed when Israeli troops opened fire on dem-

onstrators. Goodman, who Israeli police have claimed he was deranged. opened fire on crowds near and from Omar Mosque and close to Al Aqsa Mosque, one of Islam's

holiest shrines.

Jeane Kirkpatrick said she voted against the resolution because it would "serve no constructive purpose and would only further embitter the peoples of the region and deepen the divisions" that could lead to conflict.

Thus, as much as we condemn the act of violence that occasioned this debate of the Security Couneil, we must oppose this resolution which, in our view, would make new acts of violence more, not less, likely to take place in the

future," she said.

"We voted against the resolution because it contains language in the preamhular and operative paragraphs which implies that the responsibility for this terrible event lies not with the individual who was responsible for the incident, but with the Israeli authorities who have une-

quivocally denounced the act." Mrs. Kirkpatrick also said the draft, sponsored by Jordan and Morocco, joined by Uganda and Iraq, implied that Israel hindered

the work of Jerusalem's Higher Islamie Council.

The vetoed draft would have condemned "in the strongest terms these appalling acts of sacrilege perpetrated within the pre-cincts of Al Haram Al Sharif."

It would also have deplored "any act or encouragement of destruction or profanation of the holy places, religious buildings and sites in Jerusalem as tending to disturb world peace.

Israel would have been called on to "observe and apply serupulously" the Fourth Geneva-Convention and principles of international law governing military occupation. It would also have been called on to "refrain from any hindrance to the discharge of the established functions of the Higher Islamic Council in Jer-

During the debate, Islamic delegates rejected Israeli statements that the shooting was the work of a lone, and probably deranged, gunman and said other armed Israelis also took part.

# **Qotbzadeh confesses plotting** to topple Khomeini regime

LONDON (R) — Former Iranian Foreign Minister Sadeq Qotbzadch appeared on state-run television Monday night and confessed his involvement in a coup plot to overthrow Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

Tehran residents who saw the 20-minute broadcast quoted Mr. Ootbzadeh as saving the plot involved killing Ayatollah Khomeini.

But he said he would not kill the 2-year-old revolutionary leader because of his "special sentimental loyalty" to him, and planned to oppose the idea at a meeting of his fellow conspirators.

Mr. Qotbzadeh and 44 others were arrested two weeks ago in connection with the alleged plot. According to the investigating judge. Hojatoleslam Mohammadi Reyshahri, they face possible

Referring to himself as a dead man, the former loreign minister



Sadeg Qothzadeh

said: "Either pardon me or exeaute me."

Mr. Qotbzadeh, 46, dressed smartly and with a beard, was quoted as saying he had contacted the country's second-ranking spiritual leader, Ayatollah Kazem Shariat-Madari, and was promised full support after the coup if it succeeded.

### Shariat-Madari questioned

Avatollah Shariat-Madari's son. meanwhile, said his father was invited to join the coup plot hut had turned down the plan as "impractical and against the interests of the nation."

Hassan Shariat-Madari told Reuters from his exile home in Hamburg that his father spoke of the plot Monday while being questioned by revolutionary guards at his residence in the holy city of

Ayatollah Shariat-Madari, who is ill with a bladder complaint, is the spiritual leader of Iran's large Turkish speaking minority, and has been virtually confined to his home in Qom for two years for his opposition to Ayatollah Kho-

Ayatollah Shariat-Madari was filmed by the Iranian broadcasting service but it was not clear whether it would be televised in the same way as Mr. Qotbzadeh's confession, his son said.

Mr. Qotbzadeh, giving more details of the alleged conspiracy. said two army cadets had con-

Kazem Shariat-Madari

tacted him and accepted plans to bomb Avatollah Khomeini's mountainside home above Tehran with long-range artillery.

He said he had spent 22.5 mil-

lion rials (\$28(t(0))) on preparing the plot. He denied that any foreign powers were incolved. Religious teachers in Oom, seat

of Islamic learning and stronghold of the ruling clergy in Iran, called Tuesday for Ayatollah Shariat-Madari to be stripped of his religious authority as a "grand avatollah."

The move is only a gesture of hostility towards the embattled clergyman as there is no authority in Iran's Shi'ite Muslim hierarchy that can deprive him of his influence over his followers.

Under Shi'ite law, judical authorities can neither execute nor try him as he is a top religious leader. He is one of half a dozen "grand ayatollahs" in Iran, who are superior to the numerous clergymen of the rank of avatollah.

# Abuhatzeira offers to quit ministry but averts threat to Begin coalition

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — An Israeli government minister convicted of stealing public funds has offered to resign his cabinet seat, averting an immediate threat to Prime Minister Menachem Begin's shaky coalition. Welfare Minister Aharon Abuhatzeira made the

announcement after an hour-long meeting with Mr. Begin, but made elear he intended to continue to back the government in the Knesset (parliament). The government has a nominal one-seat majority in the 120-member Knesset. There had been spe-

culation that Mr. Abuhatzeira's three-man Tami Party would leave the coalition if he lost his post. But he told reponers Tuesday he wanted to resign to devote himself to an appeal against Monday's conviction. "I am innocent." he said.

Mr. Abuhatzeira, a prominent member of the large North African Jewish community, was found guilty of fraud, hreach of trust and larceny in his operation of a government-funded charity. Sentence was postponed until Wednesday.

Mr. Abuhatzeira said if the appeal court cleared him he hoped to he reappointed to his post as minister responsible for welfare, labour and immigrant absorption.

Strong religious fervour

His conviction has aroused strong feelings among members of the Sephardis, the Oriental Jews who make up the poorer half of Israel's population. Mr. Ahuhatzeira, from a family of Moroccan rabbis, is seen by many Sephardis as their champion. Supporters have claimed he was convicted by the judge, a member of the European Ashkenazi community, solely because of his origins.

As he left court Monday there were shouts of "discrimination" and "we want a Sephardi state." Newspapers warned there could be riots by Sephardis if Mr. Abuhatzeira receives the maximum sentence of seven years' imprisonment Wednesday. His appeal is not expected to be heard for several

months. It was the first time an Israeli minister had been convicted of a felony and both government and opposition parliamentarians called on him to resign from the catinet and Knesset. Under recent changes in Israeli law, any Knesset member who receives a jail sentence of more than one year can be unseated if a majority of parliamentarians vote to

Mr. Ahuhatzeira's Tami Party is a breakaway from the National Religious Party (NRP), formed on the eve of last June's elections because of Sephardi claims that the NRP had become an Ashkenazi hastion.

Some Tami members were reported to be urging Mr. Abuhatzeira to take this opportunity to bring down the government, which has come close to defeat in several no-confidence dehates.

Mr. Abuhatzeira's offer to quit, however, seemed to lift an immediate threat when the Knesset reconvenes next month. But speculation continued that the prime minister's fragile majority would nevertheless force him to call early elections.

### Manila opposition unifies

MANILA (R) — Philippine opposition leaders Benigno Aquino and Salvador Laurel have agreed to form a grand coalition which will eventually merge into a single party to oppose President Ferdinand Marcos.

Mr. Laurel said Tuesday that the decision was taken during three days of discussions in Hong Kong last week.

We agreed on a grand coalition for the time being, with the option to conven immediately to a single party whenever there is an

election," he added. He noted that

there were no elections in the off-About a dozen opposition gro-

ups have been having almost daily

meetings on plans to form either a coalition or a united party. Mr. Laurel, a former senator, returned to Manila after the Hong

Kong meeting. He said Mr. Aquino, who faces a death sentence in the Philippines and lives in exile in the United States, went from Hong Kong to the East Malaysian state of Sabah. which the Manila government says

is used as a base by anti-Marcos

# Italian police on full alert

ROME (R) - Italian authorities are on the alert against a possible Red Brigades attack when the trial of former Prime Minister Aldo Moro's alleged killers resumes

here Wednesday. Despite the arrest of more than 200 suspected members of the urban guerrilla group this year. police have heard that 25 key figures are in Rome to mount a counter-offensive, official sources

The left-wing extremist group can still count on up to 300 sympathisers or irregular members and planned as early as last September to stage attacks to coincide with the Moro trial, the sources

Two days before the trial opened in a converted gymnasium last Wednesday, Red Brigades shot and wounded three policemen outside the court house before

speeding off. Information supplied by Red Brigades in captivity indicates that their comrades outside could be planning to attack Rome magistrates, or even try to spring the detainees from Rome's Rebibbia Prison, the sources said.

# **Ophthalmologist** Sayegh's practice brings rays of hope to Jordan's eye patients

By Suzanne Zu'mut-Black Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - What is just another routine comeal surgery to ophthalmologist Fuad Sayegh is frequently the beginning of a new life for the patient. The return of sight. often after many years of blindness, is a rapid and a dramatic change which produces varied and surprising responses in those who experience it.

Professor of Ophthalmology at the University of Jordan Hospital Fuad Sayegh quoted examples of patients' reactions at the first moment of regaining sight. "They start hugging and kissing you and describing your clothes for you. One girl later brought me a magnificent chandelier to symbolise an exchange of light between us." But, sadly, the reaction can also have tragic results as in the case of a patient in Germany, where Prof. Sayegh used to work, who was so emotionally overcome that he jumped to his death from a ninestorey window.

Prof. Sayegh, who has chaired the University of Jordan Special Surgery Department since 1979.. was born in Acre in 1938 and grew up in Nazareth. At the age of 18 he went to Lebanon to do teacher training at the Schneller School in Khirbet Kanafar, The two years at that school set his educational pattem. After one year of teaching. mathematics at a secondary school in Beit Jala in the West Bank he moved on to Germany, where for the next 15 years of his life he studied and practised medicine at the University of Bonn.

After getting his M.D. in 1964, he went on to specialise in ophthalmology and obtained his Ph.D. in that field in 1966 and his specialisation, Facharzt, in 1969. His practice until 1973 was also in Bonn, where he worked as head physician at the university's eye clinic and where he became associate professor at the University of Bonn in the last year of his stay.

Coming home

The temptations for Fuad Say-

egh to join the medical working force in Jordan were numerous. Probably the most significant event was the granting of the Jordanian citizenship to Prof. Savegh by His Majesty King Hussein personally while in Bonn in 1959. But it was not until 1972 that he felt the pull. As he explained it, "The Jordanian embassy's diplomatic staff paved the way and showed me the temptations to come bere." Another likely explanation which Prof. Sayegh overlooked was the fact that two years earlier be met and married a Jordanian

girl, Hala Aghabi. Fuad Sayegh joined the University of Jordan in October 1973 as associate professor in the Faculty of Medical Sciences. In January 1981, and during his chairmanship of the Department of Special Surgery, which be has beld since 1979, he became the first Jordanian full professor at the

Entitlement to this post requires a certain amount of practice and teaching experience as well as research. While the requirement is for nine works of research, Prof. Savegh has published 51 research papers since 1963. A 1981 publication, for example, is entitled, Social and Ocular Status of Blind Students in Jordan and appears in the Journal of Visual Impairment and Blindness,

To encourage research in Jordan, Prof. Sayegh has taken on the demanding job of editing the Jordan Medical Journal, an intemationally acknowledged magazine which is published by the Jordan Medical Association,

### Introducing technology

Since coming to work here, Prof. Sayegh has attempted to introduce modern technology in the field of ophthalmology. In 1973, he introduced to the University: of Jordan Hospital a new technique of freezing the cataract lense and extracting it with a special pencil (cryoextraction of cataract and cryosurgery). This was concurrently introduced to Al Hussein Medical Centre.

The same year Prof. Sayegh was involved in introducing microsurgery to Jordan. Surgical operations can now be performed using the microscope, but it is with more apparent pride that he talks about introducing ultrasound as a routine diagnostic method. He explained that in cases of opaque refracting media the ophthalmologist is not able to inspect the inside of the eye. "So ult-

rasound enables us to discover and differentiate a number of pathological findings. These include bleeding, detachment of the retina, tumours, detection of foreign bodies and calculation of lense power for lense implantation."

In 1975, Prof. Sayegh's department introduced into the country the use of the laser, an addition to its surgical catalogue. The laser photo coagulation" is the use of a beam-that burns the retina, and, in so doing, welds it together. It is used for the treatment of diabetic changes in the eye, retinal tears, removing tumours, the formation of a new pupil in the iris and increased pressure in the eye.

Probably the most dramatic success in the ventures which Prof. Sayegh has been connected with here has been the Jordan Eye Bank. He became director of the bank when it was officially opened in March 1979. It is a national service of four different sectors: the University of Jordan, the (Army's) Royal Medical Services, the Ministry of Health and the private sector.

The bank was established in cooperation with the Intemational Eye Foundation in Washington with the aim of collecting donated comeas and doing comeal surgery for the blind.
"Among the 240 operations performed so far the success rate has been 80 per cent," Prof. Sayegh told the Jordan Times. He pointed out that 50 donations have come from the U.S. while about 200 have come from Sir Lanka.

"It is connected with the Buddhist belief in reincarnation and that if you donate anything you



Prof. Sayegh (second from right), operating with his assistant, Dr. Mohammad Abu Seif (far right), and Staff Nurse Asha Ailmadi (second from left), Jordan Times Reporter

the field of ophthalmology. He is a

member of the advisory board of

the Deaf and Dumb School in Salt.

and is president of the Schneller

Although he says that research

is his favourite hobby, one cannot

but be impressed by the number of

other hobbies which Prof. Sayegh

acquired, and the extent to which

he is involved in them. For one

thing, he does not tire driving in

the country looking for a new

colourful collection includes gra-

nite, different types of marble,

alabaster, basalt and geode and a

Over the years, Prof. Sayegh

acquired immense collections of

stamps and coins, but more obv-

ious is his more recent collection

of copper and brass which fills up

his house, and which he shares

with his wife, who was the one to

covering the garden in front of the

house, are hundreds of Dutch tul-

ips. Apparently, though in his

The surgical team is seen busy

(right) with an extirpation of a malignant tumour which the five-

year-old patient, Fayda, inherited.

Investigations by Prof. correspond with findings in most

European countries, which ind-

icates that Jordan has passed

from a community point of view.

the stage of being a developing country; and infection, previously

the main cause of blindness, has

almost completely disappeared.

Speaking for themselves, and

attract him in this direction.

number of fossils from Azrak.

Alumní Society.

will live a better life, "Prof. Sayegh explained, adding that 7,000 comeas bave so far been shipped to 97 countries from Ceylon by a Dr. Hudson Sylva. A much smaller number of corneas arrive in Jordan from European countries as a result of personal contact. These are preferred to the Sri Lankan comeas for the simple fact that they have already been exa-

In order to support the activities of the Jordan Eye Bank, Friends of the Jordan Eye Bank Society

was formed one year ago under the presidency of His Highness Prince Ra'id Ibn Zaid. The Prince personally collects the corneas on their arrival at Amman Airport. "The comeas should not be more used," said Prof. Sayegh to explain the sense of urgency.

During last year, the society "made good contacts" with European universities in order to have joint research activities and the supply of corneas. It also took on the expenses of comeal surgeries performed for needy patient. "A mere JD 34 for an operation."

It is with obvious enthusiasm that Prof. Sayegh introduced the society's future plans to establish a scientific centre for eve diseases. It will take on the responsibility of the prevention of blindness, medical and surgical treatment as well as the rehabilitation of the visually disabled and blind."

He related a number of cases as examples of the extent to which a corneal surgery, which takes about 30 minutes to complete, can change a patient's life.

Dalal, a 14-year-old girl, blind in both eyes for four years, was operated on a year and a half ago. She has been a regular student since then and told me proudly during her last visit that she has passed all her school exams."

Jamal, 35, one-eyed since childhood, lost his sight two years ago and regained a "good" one after a corneal surgery. "Now he is back in his old job as a mechanic." Laila, a 20-year-old from Zarka, became blind two years

before finishing school. "One eye was operated on successfully and she was able to continue her studies. Now she is a schoolteacher in Zarka." Mobammad, blind since birth,

was operated on at 16 on botb eyes "and now works at Al Ra'i Newspaper."

Tala'i, 30, blind in both eyes since childhood, was operated on in one eye. "She is now working as a technician in the X-ray department at the University of Jordan Hospital.

Naturally, some of the jobs may not be all that prestigeous as Prof. Sayegh once found out for himself. Stopping one day at a traffic light in town, Prof. Sayegh was approached by a casual beggar. What could have ended as a routine transaction came to a halt at an embarrassing moment of mutual recognition by doctor and pat-

Prof. Sayegh's involvement in the community extends to outside Suzanne Zn'mut-Black is looking on. The case was that of cataract resulting from industrial injury.

quiet way, they are a source of pride for Prof. Sayegb "the gardener." The Jordan Times caught him on Easter Sunday taking photographs, another hobby of his, of his wife and two sons, Nicola, 7, and Nadim, 4, with the tulips featuring prominently in the pictures.

With his mother and three sisters living in the West Bank (one brother who is a chemical engineer lives in Germany) and his wife's family here; Prof. Sayegh stone to add to his collection. His thinks of himself as settled in Jor-

dan. His attraction though goes beyond the family. 'Jordan attracts me as a dev-

eloping society. It satisfies me to do this job for a society at this stage," he stated. But still he expressed some frustrating exp-

"We need more support and understanding from both the community and the responsible bodies. If I ask for eye donations, 1 want them to interact to it as a country and private practice will purely social problem," he said. not allow it."

"If you do anything for the community, people suspect it is for personal reasons and few people cooperate. It's a typical local an-

Asked why he does not start his own private clinic instead, which could be a more financially satisfying experience, Prof. Sayeth answered: "I am really interested in establishing something for the

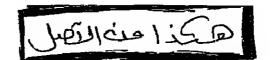








Prof. Fund Sayegh at home with his wife, Hala, and his two sons Nicola and Nadim



Tal addresses staff college on

necessity to promote unity and

AMMAN (Petra) - Education Minister Sa'id Tal delivered a lecture on Tuesday at the Command and Staff College on military thought and the Arab-Israeli dispute. He explained the goals of the Zionist aggression and its desire to dominate Arab lands. He described this aggression as a "cancerous, colonial aggression aimed at replacing

Dr. Tal said that no one has the right to relinquish one inch of Arab lands and that all usurped Arab territories should be regained reg-

Arab agricultural group to quit

military philosophy

the original inhabitants of the country."



Prince Hassan meets South Australian Agriculture Minister Ted Chapman on Tuesda

### Hassan discusses joint agricultural projects with Australian minister

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan received at his office on Tuesday South Australia Agriculture Minister Ted Chapman and his accompanying delegation, currently on an official visit to Jordan.

The two sides discussed a number of agricultural projects carried out by the Ministry of Agriculture, the possibility of cooperation with the Australian ministry of agriculture in the establishment of joint agricultural projects and the transfer of agricultural technology from Australia to Jordan.

The meeting was attended by Minister of Agriculture Marwan Dudin and the Australian charge d'affaires in Amman.

Mr. Chapman visited on Tue-

AMMAN (Pctra) - The seventh

children book exhibition was org-

anised on Tuesday in the Friends

of Children Club in Jabal Luw-

eibdeb. The 8-day exhibition was

opened by Her Highness Princess

Sarvath deputising for His Royal

Princess Sarvath handed over

the awards to the winners in the

contest organised by the children

programme section at Jordan Tel-

evision in cooperation with the

The opening was attended by

Friends of Children Club.

Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

sday a model farm in Hasban area and saw some pasture projects currently being implemented by the agriculture ministry, the cooperative organisation, and the agricultural credit corporation with the aim of introducing Australian

agricultural methods to Jordan. Meanwhile, Agriculture Minister Marwan Dudin will open at the University of Jordan Faculty of Agriculture on Saturday a course dealing with evaluating rural development projects being organised by the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development. Lectures and practical applications will be made during the three-month course in which 25 agricultural planners from the various Arab countries will par-

Wednesday. Sahira Nabulsi, the director of childhood department

at the Ministry of Social Dev-

elopment, said that the ministry

will give assistance to mun-

icipalities to establish children

parks instead of the usual way of

celebrating the day by holding exhibitions. She explained that the

ministry has obtained two models

for such parks which include pla-

ygrounds, a library, a theatre, a

canteen and other facilities. The

ministry has paid JD 13,000 to the

municipalities of Dhiban, Tila' Al

Day of child celebrated by building parks

ticipate.

Next month, on the other hand. the seminar on the rain-fed crops participate in the seminar.

in Jordan will be held at the University of Jordan Faculty of Agriculture on May 17. During the four-day seminar, participants will discuss 25 topics related to the development of agriculture in Jordan and the importance of the agricultural sector in the national economy. Representatives of the agriculture and supply ministries, the Jordanian Cooperative Organisation, the Agricultural Credit Corporation, the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), the Metreology Department, the federation of Jordanian farmers and several local agricultural companies will

games, children's books and other

book for people who supervise

children in order to raise the sta-

Census statistics in Jordan show

that in 1979, 50.7 per cent of the

population were under 15 years of

age; 19 per cent of this figure were

under five. 17.2 per cent between

5-9 and 14.5 per cent between

participate in observing this day by holding a festival in Princess

Alia Community College. Miss Barza Kamal, the principal of the

college, explained that the festival

will run for three days and will

include an exhibition of children's

ndard of their services.

### ardless of how long it takes. Dr. Tal said that repulsing the Zionist aggression is an "Arab responsibility" and that defeating this aggression can only take place through a comprehensive Arab plan to cope with this great menace which dictates on all Arabs to work sincerely for this sake. The minister also explained the significance of military thought in confronting the Zionist challeoge on the Jordanian and Arab levels.

Libya-based organisation

AMMAN (Petra) — The parncipants in the Arab agricultural cooperative seminar, who concluded their meetings in Amman on Tuesday evening, have decided to withdraw their organisations from the Libya-based general federation of Arab farmers, because of the "federation's failure to meet the goals for which it was

established. During their two-day meetings, the participants also decided to form a committee of Jordan. Iraq and Kuwait to contact Arab farmers organisations to make the necessary arrangements for convening a general conference of these organisations. The purpose would be to declare the establishment of the proposed federation which should be "professional in its concerns without involving political differences among the Arab governments in

The participants also recommended the exchange of exp-

ious organisations in order to achieve Arab agricultural integration and activate and expand the Arab Common Market to include all the Arab countries.

The participants recommended the eocouragement of Arab investments in agriculture, particularly projects related to food security, and providing the appropriate climate for these investments. They also recommended paying more attention to rural development.

The participants expressed their absolute support of the Palestinian people's struggle to liberate their lands and to regain their rights. They also expressed support for the Iraqi people's war against the Persian ambitions, and for the struggle of the people of Western Somalia and Eritrea to regain their national rights.

The participants sent a cable to His Majesty King Hussein exp-ressing their pride in Jordan's stands under his leadership visertise and delegations as well as a-vis the Arab Nation's fateful issvisits and training together with ues. They also praised acbencouraging the exchange of agr- -ievements Jordan accomplished icultural produce among their var- under King Hussein's leadership,

### University of Jordan to mark anniversary with special show ibition called the University of

**By Nuioud Goussous** Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The University of Jordan will celebrate its 20th anniversary this year with a special festival. The festival will s April 26 and end on April 29. However, it will continue unofficially for one week.

Mr. Fayez Rabie', head of public relations at the University of The ministry of Education will Jordan, told the Jordan Times that the festival is going to include all kinds of activities with all university faculties participating in it. The activities in general will include publications, exhibitions.

sports, a play, and other activities. The main programme in the festival is expected to be an exh-

Jordan in Pictures. This will show statistics and pictures of the university through the past 20 years of its history, important vistors in all fields, and all kinds of activities held at the university.

A special edition of University

News (The magazine published by the university I will be issued especially for this occasion. The festival will also include an Islamic art exhibition: a paintings and Arab caligraphy exhibition: an exhibition of books and writings by

university professors; activities by student societies in all departments: an Arabic play by the arts department: a poetry and shon story festival by Jordanian poets from the university: tolkloric dances and fashion shows by foreign students at the university: sports events of all kinds between local and Arab teams. fike teams from Yarmouk university, Muliah University, Iraq's Musel University: and displays and music by the Armed Forces Band.

6 merchants jailed on corruption charges

AMMAN (Petra) - The military court has sentenced six Jordanian merchants to pay JD 25-30 fine each for violating Ministry of Supply regulations.

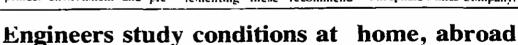
It also sentenced Vtohammad Abdulkarim Hassan to one month in prison and to pay a fine of JD til. and Awad Yousef Mansour to six months in prison and a fine of JD to for accepting a bribe, and confiscated all the illegally exchanged

The committee members also iliscussed the plan to develop Al Azraq area which the ministry of

environment is implementing. The committee also discussed law on the protection of env- 'pollution problems in the city of

The meeting was attended by the minister of agriculture, the minister of municipal and rural ional Consultative Council (NCC) member Mrs. Laila Sharat, the

chairman of the royal committee Aqaba; the recommendations rel- for the protection of nature, and ated to the protection of Jor- the directors of industry, envdanian coasts, the cleanliness of tronment and tourism as well as the city of Agaba and ways of imp- the director of production at the protect environment and pre- tementing these recommend- Phosphate Mines Company.



AMMAN (Petra) -- The Jordanian Engineers Association is dies on the conditions of Jordanian engineers at home and

Secretary-general of the association, Ahmad Al Rusane, said crmation on these engineers, spe-

Mr. Rusane said the aim of the study is to get acquainted with the - is currently making the necessary conditions of Jordanian engineers "to utilise their efforts and work to

consultancy seminar, organised by the Arab Engineers Federation in cooperation with the Jordanian Engineers Association, will be held in Baghdad on May 22, it was Mr. Rusane said the association

The seminar will discuss coo-

The weather will be fair with medium and high clouds and northeasterly moderate winds. In Aqaba there will be northerly moderate winds and calm sea.

	_	
	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	12	25
Agaba	19	32
Deserts	13	29
Jordan Valley	16	32

Yesterday's bigh temperatures: Amman 23, Aqaba 30, Humidity readings: Amman 27 per cent, Aqaba 31 per cent.

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King Hussein confers with Dr. Mazbudi (centre) on Tuesday

### King reasserts concern for stability in Lebanon

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein received at the Royal Court on Tuesday evening the delegation for the support of southern Leb-

anon under Dr. Zaki Al Mazbudi. The delegation explained to King Hussein the dangers threatening southern Lebanon as a result

of the continuous Israeli threats and ambitions in

this area. King Hussein affirmed Jordan's concern-

for Lebanon's territorial integrity and support of the Lebanese people in defending their homeland against the Israeli menace,

King Hussein also expressed hope that reconciliation and stability would be achieved in Lebanon, unity of its people and its territorial integrity. The Lebanese delegation praised King Hussein's pan-Arab stands and concern form protection of every inch at Arab lands,



Queen Noor chairs the meeting of the environment protection committee

### Queen stresses pollution laws AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty serve its purity."

Queen Noor presided over a meeting on Tuesday evening of the higher committee on environment. Participants in the mee- muntcipal and rural affairs and affairs and the environment, Natting discussed the environment projection draft law and the draft ironment against marine pollution. Queen Noor asserted the significance of approving these two laws, because they would

currently making statistical stuabroad.

on the strength of the study, the association will have full intcialisation and distribution."

serve other fields in the future." Meanwhile, the engineering

announced on Tuesday.

studies for this seminar which will deal with several topics, including consultancy training and the role of the federation in drawing up the bases of registering and evaluating the consultancy offices.

### peration among consultancy contpanies on the local and Arab lev-

### Today's weather

	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	IŽ	25
Agaba	19	32
Deserts	13	29
Jordan Valley	16	32

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rooms, dining room, salon, located at Al Hussein Housing Estate in Amman, with telephone and central heating.

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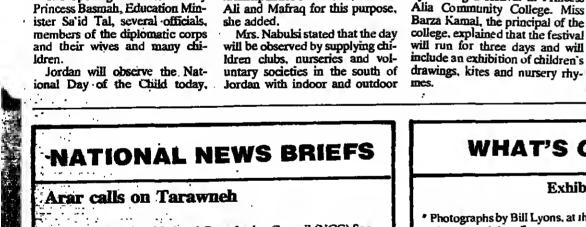
For interview, call 42482 (Ex. 10) by April 25, 1982  $\{09:00 - 10:00\}$ 



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AMMAN (Petra) — National Consultative Council (NCC) Speaker Suleiman Arar visited former NCC Speaker Ahmad Al Tarawneh at his residence on Tuesday. Mr. Tarawneh was appointed on Monday member of the Upper House of Parliament. Mr. Arar also received Social Development Minister In am Al Mufti and several members of the Upper House of Parliament.

### AMMAN (Petra) — Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Minister Kamel Al Sharif received at his office on Tuesday the Charge d'Affaires

UAE donate to West Bank mosques

of the United Arab Emirates (UAE) in Amman Jamil Al Ramahi, who delivered a check amounting to \$76,000 as a contribution from the UAE Awqaf Ministry to the mosques in the occupied Arab territories.

### Surgeons conference due April 30

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian society of surgeons will hold its 10th conference at the Professional Associations Complex in Amman on April 30, to discuss several medical topics. The 16 surgeons who will participate in the conference will exchange views on the best ways for diagnosis and treatment. The society was formed 10 years ago and all Jordanian surgeons are members of the society.

### Dead body found near H-4

AMMAN (Petra) — A spokesman for the Civil Defence Directorate said that a civil defence team found the body of Jamal Mohammad Wasif Al Bizi, a 19-year old Lebanese national, in the Burqu'dam waters, some 20 kilometres north of the H-4. The spokesman said that after taking the body out of the water and completing the necessary investigations, the body of the Lebanese national was delivered to his family.

### Geography M.A. programme planned

AMMAN (Petra) - The councils of deans of the University of Jordan has decided to introduce an M.A. degree programme to the geography section at the faculty of literature as of the next academic year. The faculty of literature now grants M.A. degrees in six of its eight sections. The faculty is planning in the future to grant the M.A. degree in all its sections with the exception of sociology.

### WHAT'S GOING ON

### Exhibitions

Photographs by Bill Lyons, at the Alia Art Gallery, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4 to 7 p.m.

Carnet de Voyages, colour photographs by Emmanuel Jarry, at the French Cultural Centre.

### Film

Water Babies, at the British Council at 7 p.m.

### Video film

Les Musiques de Marcel Proust (5 p.m.) and Poemonde de Bernard Noel (6 p.m.) at the French Cultural Centre.

### Lectures

Interdisciplinary Water Seminar at the University of Jordan.
 Faculty of Engineering and Technology.

Final session: Future Demands on University Education of

10:00 a.m.

Dr. Kamel Abu Jaber Consultation services of the University of Jordan.

Eng. Ared Babaldin Water Supply Corporation Project & Specialists Training

Sanitary and Environmental Specialists.

Dr. Eng. Ghaleb Odat Amman Water and Sewage Authority Projects and Training Demands

Dr. Arafat Tamimi Water Research Activities of the Royal Scientific Society Dr. Gerd Forcb

Refreshments 10:45 a.m. - 11:00 a.m. Discussion 12:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m.

Conclusions & Recommendations

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### One law for all

UNITED STATES Congressman Paul McCloskev of California has asked the United States government to consider withdrawing all military and economic aid from Israel unless Israel agrees to sign the nuclear non-proliferation treaty. He asked that American aid be denied to any country that does not sign the non-proliferation treaty. Representative McCloskey is one of the few political leaders in the United States who dare to come out with such a clear position vis-a-vis American policy towards Israel, and in doing so he opens himself up to the full force of the Israeli lobby's destructive forces. Yet we think that the attitude he represents is one that has to gain force within the United States if American policy in the Middle East is ever to regain any measure of credibility. In short, what Mr. Mc-Closkev asks for -- and what the Arabs have requested from America for many years - is for America to treat Israel as it treats all other nations. Whether in the field of human rights, respect for United Nations resolutions or adherence to the terms of the nuclear non-proliferation treaty, the key point remains the American policy of making exceptions for Israel that it does not make for any other nation. We see this clearly yet again this week with the American mediation in the Falklands dispute. U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig rightly asks Argentina to respect principles of self-determination and U.N. resolutions, but he does not seem prepared to ask Israel to accept the same principles vis-a-vis the Palestinians and the occupied West Bank and Gaza. Mr. McCloskey's attitude is refreshing and reasonable -- and very much in the best tradition of American respect for universal law.

### SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

By Dr. Awn Rifai

# The Cost of Time

THE CALCULATION of the cost of time in many parts of the world has become an essential consideration for scientists, planners, and industrialists. The time factor plays a major role in all evaluation operations, and without it no significance can be attached to any type of technical, industrial, or other activity or event.

The value of time can be felt in two ways: in the duration of a certain event, and in the timing of the event in relation to others. For instance, the assessment of a period of one hour in any year is different from that of an identical period in another year. The cost of time is thus dependent on inter-linked variables, in addition to being reliant on the weighing factors commensurate with the speeilic situation in question. For comparison purposes, the cost of the time is usually interpreted and expressed in terms of monetary units. Studies on the evaluation of time costs have a strong impact on the planning of all affairs of modern societies.

In Jordan, time does not seem to have much importance in people's attitudes. Whereas developed societies thrive for the op!imisation of the time factor, no similar sense exists in this country. For many employees in the various organisations, time bears no production significance, and is looked upon as a fact of life to be spent in the simplest possible manner. While some planners are trying to make the most of available resources, an abundance is being continuously wasted in the form of non-productive time, and without being checked. Investigation of a typical working day of a civil servant, for example, reveals an enormous waste in time, productivity and money. Lack of work, inefficiency in procedures. indifference, tack of discipline, and absence from duty, are just

some of the diseases ruining our productive social systems, and inflicting heavy losses in terms of wasted time.

The institutions in the private sector usually make better use of time in their operations. The direct interests of the businessmen drive them to be keener in utilising time in a more profitable fashion. It is unfortunate that the national interests are not strong enough to create more dedication and time-cost awareness.

No studies or statistics exist on the efficiency of time utilisation and waste in Jordan. Such studies should be carried out on indinidual institutions as well as on a national scale. Any statistics drawn up in this respect will prove to be more important than many of the statistics currently available.

Last week, work in various sectors in Jordan was brought to a hall for one day as a gesture of sympathy towards our compatriots in the West Bank, and in defiance of the prevailing aggression there. Of course, there were some political and propaganda benefits derived from such a move. One wonders, however, whether those benefits did offset the value of the time lost in the event. tastead of halting work, it could have been more appropriate to increase the working hours, io order to augment national production and progress. An increase in productivity would have borne more impact on world opinion and the other countries' attitudes than a stoppage. Whatever the effects of the stoppage, the attainmentof our goals has, more likely than not, been delayed by

The imposition of our will upon the world would be much more effective by increasing our working hours than by taking a day off.

To the Editor:

WE HAVE READ with great interst the article "How Amman came to be" hy Meg Abu Hamdan published in Jordan Times issue of 24th of March, 1982 and would like to have the opportunity to add new information to the knowledge about the evolution of Jordan's capital.

As friends of Jordan, we are interested in everything related to your hospitable and intcresting country and to her hardworking and talented people.

Whilst expressing our salisfaction as regards your praiseworthy preoccupation to bring forth long time endeavours aimed at making Amman the modern metropolis of today, we would like to help in restoring the historical truth by kindly asking you to amend the paragraph related to the battle of Plevna (or Pleven, but not Pivema, as written in the article).

The defeat of the Ottomans was due to the combined efforts of allied Russian and Romanian regular armies and Bulgarian volunteer groups. The commander of the allied troops was Prince Carol of Romania. The commander of the Ottoman garrison of Plevna was the brillian! Ottoman Gen. Osman Pasha who, after having been wounded, handed over his sword to the Romanian Col. Cerchez (pronounced Chayrkayz) whose name - by a bizzare whim of history - means Circassian in

The Romano-Russian/Ottoman war of 1877-1878 has for Romania the same significance as The Great Arab Revolt for Jordan, i.e. obtaining national independence, which we hope. will explain our lerter.

Valeriu Bogaciu, Engineer Gheorghe Palel, Accountant

A letter was published some months ago in your newspaper. This was very derogalary of Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airlines and maybe was relevant to the conditions prevailing at their time.

I feel that Alia should now be congratulated. Travelling to Amman and back again to London last month the service. condition of the plane, personal attention and general overall friendliness of the staff was, in my opinion, the best I have ever experienced.

A short flight both to and from Agaba was also of an extremely high standard.

I must say conditions in the arrival lounge at Amman Airport could be improved. Long wans for luggage to be searched are extremely annoying after a long journey. Could an annoucement be made to passengers giving apologies and possibly the reason why such thorough searches are necessary. The travelling public when "put in the picture" I am sure would be sympathetic to the reasons for inconvenience.

I do hope you publish my letter. I am sure that congratulations to staff would be a great encouragement to even better service when they know how much they are appreciated.

A visitor who has enjoyed her stay in Jordan.

> Lesley Hackson 47 Woodlands Park, Merrow, Guildford, Surrey, England.

# Beyond the grave

By Claud Morris

Claud Morris is the editor of the London-based magazine "Voice of the Arab World"

The current Israeli campaign against newspapermen or writers who are supposed to favour the Arabs even reaches beyond the grave, extraordinary as this may seem. For example, take the case of Fred Sparks, who at one time worked with distinction for the now defunct "Chicago Daily News". Fred won a Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. He covered the plight of the Palestinian refugees after the Israeli war of independence in 1948 and was deeply affected by what he saw.

Fred died just over a year ago. at the too-young age of 65. When the lawyers dug out his will they found to their surprise that he had unexpectedly left \$30,000 to the Palestine Liberation Organisation, which is, (whatever the varying views about it in the opposite camp), the outfit that schools and supports the tens of thousands of families still in the refugee eamps in Lebanon and elsewhere.

One would suppose that the wishes of this veteran American journalist, prompted, as his friends believe to be. by purely humanitanian motives without thought of politics, would be honoured without further ado. What could be more simple? However, it was not to be.

### Contrary to the public good

The reason is that there is an obseure U.S. law that legal bequests that "run contrary to the public good" can be denied by the Ameriean courts under longestablished legal precedents. As a result, two major Jewish organisations, namely the American Jewish Congress and the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'nith are now opposing Fred's will. In April they will appear in the New York Surrogate Court, which oversees the disposition of the estates of deceased parties, in an attempt to block his bequest. These two organisations want to examine in court the "structure, aims and activities" of the P.L.O. in order to show that the bequest should not be allowed.

I should add, moreover, that

Fred himself was a Jew, son of distinguished American Jewsh lawyer who once served the Nie York State Assembly. What Free saw in the Middle East refuge camps became in hini a maller of conscience". He was alvi a p ented, working newspaperna who abhorred terrorism or bay

tality in any shape or form. Way up in the heaven to which he has surely gone. Fred must be allowing himself a wry smile. Freq who opposed Nazi tyranny as die all good Jews and put himself on the front line in World War It must be wondering what is hap pening to the great conscience of the Jewish people when ahunchor Manhattan lawyers, from his faher's own tribe, reach out to deny his wishes.

These legal gentlemen are to argue in April that if Fred's bequest is fulfilled it will mean an "open door" so that similar bequess could be made to such organisations as the Basque Separatists in Spain or the F.A.L.N. the Puerto Rican extremist group of even to the I.R.A., Uncle Ton Cobleigh and all. They are, of course, basically

unconcerned about such other causes. There is no New York Congressman in an Irish district that I know of who will openly oppose the I.R.A. and take the chance of upsetting Irish sup porters. No Congressman serving the Puerto Rican immigrants or the Spanish community for that matter, will stick his neck out to oppose some bequest which leaves; a few thousand dollars to a dissident Canbbean or Central American group. But they will of conrse, fight against a bequest to the Palestinian movement, knowing full well that no Arab-American electorate exists to seriously uppose them.

As Zehdi Terzi, the P.L.O. representative at the U.N., Inld David Margolick of the "New York! Times" the other day: "This is a: violation of Fred Sparks' nights to dispose of his legacy according to his wishes."

Agreed. Like most journalists [] uphold Fred's right, in freedom terms, to spend his own money as he pleases and leave it to whoever he desires. It is a sad day for liberty when any men, whatever their political predilections, argue offerwise.

### Serving the homeland

AL RA'I: His Majesty King Hussein has appointed the third National Consultative Council (NCC) which will continue the positive cooperation between the people and the government. King Hussein has set the tone by enabling the Jordanian people to

play through the NCC a role of national solidarity. The NCC is the atena where democracy is carried out: therefore, the duty of the council should be to translate this democratic practice into positive achievements. The council, then, should be revitalised by renewing its popular tributaries in order to be able to do a better job. This is why the number of the

members was increased. It is needless to say that serving the homeland is not linked with a seat in the council or any other field. Every citizen can and should do his full dury because he belongs to this country.

The great hopes pinned on the NCC stem from the national aspirations and the pan-Arab responsibilities carried by Jordan. These aspirations and responsibilities require more interaction and solidarity between people and government. They also demand the sharing of the burden attached to these responsibilities. Heavy duties and weighty efforts await the new NCC which is

expected to give and accomplish a lot. There is no doubt that the new NCC will strengthen democratic practices and step up con-

### **ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY**

struction in Jordan due to the trust awarded to its members by the King and the people and because of the national commitment which characterises its members.

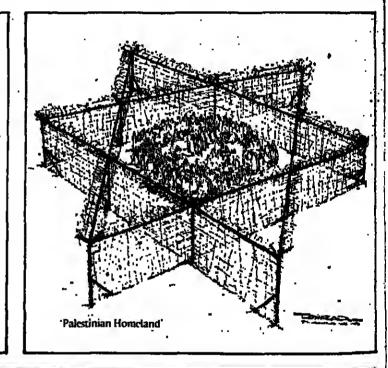
### An appreciated initiative

AL DUSTOUR: The efforts being exerted by Algeria to put an end to the Iraq-Iran war strengthens those put forward by Islamic and Non-aligned states to stop the protracted fighting which threatens the region's peace and security and throws it into the whirlpool of international conflict. Although the Algerian attempt has been somewhat delayed, it is, nonetheless, a move worthy of appreciation. Every Arab and Muslim citizen must try to put an end to this war. It is a duty imposed and dictated by reason, religion and lovalty to Arab and Muslim interests.

The Algerian President has sent a special envoy to Tehran and Baghdad at a time when another Arab state has chosen to openly employ its political, informative and military power to support Iran against Iraq. There are other Arab parties which incite Iran to go on with the war by supplying it with weapons, military experts and by closing the border with Iraq and banning Iraqi oil to run through their land.

We can understand some Arabs' reservations about this war which has been imposed on Iraq: we might understand that some could not remain neutral; but what we cannot understand is the gloating of some Arab parties over Iraq's mishaps and, at the same time, their trying to stick knives in its back.

Therefore, we hope that the Algerian initiative will continue until it puts an end to this war. Algeria is not expecting Arabs and Muslims to thank it for its efforts. Algeria was successful in putting an end to the U.S. hostage crisis in Iran. We are sure that Algeria's efforts will be welcomed by Iraq which, from the very beginning of the war and from a position of strength, had deelared its readiness; to stop the war if Iran recognised its nights and sovereignty. It remains for Tehran to listen to reason, logic and wisdom and respond to the good offices of Islamic and the Non-aligned committees. Only then could differences and disputes be easily settled



### JORDAN TELEVISION CHANNEL 3 . Koraz 5:50 6:15 Cartoons Children's Programme 6:35 7:25 8:00 8:30

hildren's Programme ... Local Program

News in Arabic

Arabic Series

I	tt:10 News in Arabic
1	CHANNEL 6
1	6:00 Prench Programme
ľ	7:00 News in French
1	7:30 News in Hebrew
ì	7:45 Managemeni
ı	8:00 News in Arabic
1	8:30 Astronauts
1	9: 10 Documentary:
ı	Diamonds in the Sky

## RADIO JORDAN

855 KHZ, AM
& 99 MHz, FM
7:00 Sign o
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulleti
7:40 Morning Short
10:00News Headline
10:03 Morning Short
10:30 30 Minute Theatr
11:00 Signing of 12:00 News Headline
12:03 Pop Sessio
13:00 News Summar
13:03 Pop Sessio
14:00 News Bulleti
14:10 Instrumental
t4:30 Now Musi
15:00 Concert Hou
te:00
16:03 Instrumental
t6:30 Old Favourite
17:00 Discovering Musi
17:30 Pop Session
18:00 News Summar
t8:03 Over a Cup of Te
15-10 Charlet Time

	Press Review, News Report	rt
15:10	News Repo	ort
19:30	Instrumen	12
20:30	Evening Sh	10
21:00	News Summ	a
	Evening Sh	
21:57	News Headli	D.

### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

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DOCTORS: Amman: Amwar Al Hajj	
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### **CULTURAL CENTRES**

American Centre	4152
British Council 3	6147-
French Cultural Centre	3700
Goethe Institute	4199
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	3977
Hava Arts Centre	6510
Al Hussein Youth City	6718
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Amman Municipal Library	
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### SERVICE CLUBS

Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel. 1.30 p.m. Lious Amanan Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the intercontinental Hotel. 1.30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings

every Wednesday at the Holiday In	a,
MUSEUMS	
Military Museum: Collection of militar memorabilia dating from the Ara Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amma Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m., Sunday, Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Te 64240.  Folklore Museum: Jewelry and continues over 100 years old. Also mosai from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 181 centuries). The Roman Theatre Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760  Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 t 150 year old items such as costume weapons, musical instruments, etc Opening hours: 9.00 a.m 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169  Jordan Archaeological Museum: Mas a	b

Jordan, Jabal AJ Qal'a (Citadel Hill), Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. - 5,00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10,00 a.m. 4,00 p.m.). Closed on Tucadays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-

Saudi riyal

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ipture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Laweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m.

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PRAYER TIMES

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Airment information (ATTA)
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
Jordan Television 73111
Radio Jordan 74111

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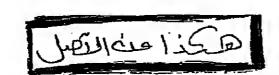
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# Portugal bank rate up 1%

Finance Minister Joao Sal-

gueiro said the country had been

resorting excessively to credit in

recent months and this had fuelled

inflation and increased the cou-

Inflation was running at 20 per

cent at the end of last year and the

short-term debt represents 30 per

cent of the current \$10 billion for-

ntry's short term foreign debt.

LISBON (R) - The Portuguese government put up the bank rate by one percentage point Tuesday as part of an economic package aimed at lightening credit and stimulating new investment.

The bank rate went up to 19 per cent, the first rise since 1978. The government also made borrowing. especially in the short term, more expensive to discourage consumer

### **EEC** to meet on Falkland crisis

LONDON STOCK MARKET

· LONDON (R) — The market closed firm Tuesday but below the

highs in quiet trading, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up

Nervousness surrounding the British government's attitude to

But among the leaders Glazo ended 16p higher at 621 and

Gains of 4p to 6p were posted against Bowater, GEC, Grand

Government bonds traded quietly after an initial flurry but

Discount houses were higher across the board on the firmer

tone of government bonds. Union added 20p to 433 while Ger-

rard firmed 12p to 259. John Menzies rose 17p to 253 after higher

annual results while Smiths Industries ended 7p down at 338 after

ended with gains stretching to ¾ point at the long end. The government broker sold small amounts of stock at the higher

Natwest was up 8p at 421 after 423. Lloyds, which has extensive

Met, Hawker Siddeley and Tubes. Gold shares and North Ame-

Argentine proposals to try to resolve the Falklands crisis left many

shares below the day's highs, dealers said.

interests in Argentina, was up 3p at 423 after 426.

credit.

BRUSSELS (R) — A special meeting of European Economic Community (EEC) foreign ministers has been called Tuesday at British request to discuss the Falkland Islands crisis, a Belgian foreign ministry spokesman said.

· He said · British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym; who will be attending his first meeting of EEC foreign ministers, would inform his colleagues of the results of the recent shuttle diplomacy by U.S. Secretary of State Alexander

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rican issues were mixed.

levels, dealers said.

351 following interims.

The community's member states agreed on April 10 to impose a ban on Argentine imports into the community in protest at the Argentine seizure of the islands.

Diplomatic sources said that following this measure, the toughest trade sanction ever imposed by the EEC. Britain's partners wished to be intimately informed on developments in the situation.

They said Mr. Pym would personally thank other EEC govemments for their swift display of solidarity with Britain over the cri-

emment figures.

Mr. Salgueiro said the measures would encourage investment by giving preferential credit rates to companies in priority sectors of agriculture and industry.

eign debt, according to gov-

The aim is to improve efficiency in agriculture and industry and stimulate their development." he said. Under the new measures, com-

panies will have to show they are making efforts to increase their capital and assets before getting credit from banks. Mr. Salgueiro said export cre-

dits would also be more carefully controlled, with priority given to exporters seeking new markets. Up to now export credits have

been virtually automatic. Mr. Salgueiro said althogh credit growth had fallen from 30 per cent in 1981 to about 22 per cent now, the demand for borrowing

was still high. He said the government had also raised the banks' compulsory reserves to help limit the amount of money available for lending.

Mr. Salgueiro announced the setting up of a holding company to streamline management of the large public sector. The holding company will take

over the running of nationalised industries' budgets and accounts from different ministers who sometimes have conflicting methods of management.

### **Uncertainty** hits lira

MILAN (R) - The Italian lira came under heavy pressure Tuesday, partly because of political uncertainty in Rome, and weakened against other currencies in the European Monetary System (EMS), dealers said.

Selling was triggered by the deepening crisis for Prime Minister Giovanni Spadolini's govemment and a helief that tighter foreign exchange controls imposed at the weekend were insufficient to protect Italy's balance of payments, they said.

Against the West German mark the lira was fixed at 551.48 compared with 549.77 Monday, while against the French franc it weakened to 211.72 from 211.55 Monday.

The lira is the only EMS currency with a six per cent fluctuation margin in the EMS, which prescribes 2.25 percent limits up or down for its seven other currencies. Tuesday's fall put thelira 2.24 per cent below the strongest EMS currency, the mark. compared with 1.87 per cent Monday.

The lira gained against the weaker dollar, helped by easier interest rates on European dollar deposits and substantial intervention by the bank of Italy. dealers said. The dollar was fixed at 1,320.05 lira after Monday's 1,329.05, with the bank of Italy selling an estimated \$22 million.

### Rain eases China's drought

PEKING'(R) - Heavy rain fell in Peking Tuesday for the first time since last autumn, easing a severe drought which has been threatening this year's harvests of winter wheat and other crops.

It was not immediately clear how widespread the rainfall was in the north China plain, where a large part of the winter wheat crop is grown.

Water stocks in reservoirs throughout northern China have dwindled in recent months. The China Daily reported three weeks ago that levels were more than 50 per cent down on the same period of 1981, also a year of belowaverage rainfall.

# Gold fever strikes Japan

pays careful attention to pac-

Sophisticated Japanese buyers

however, are increasingly inclined

to view gold as part of an overall

personal investment strategy. One

obvious factor in the gold boom is

a government plan to enforce str-

ictly the tax rules on deposit and

other interest income from 1984

onwards, the so-called green card

There is believed to be a huge

pool of "underground" funds

much of it in the form of falsified

Postal Savings accounts which

may tend to flow toward tax-safe

investments, such as private hoa-

rding of gold. There is so far not

much evidence to link the tax eva-

sion to the gold boom, but the exi-

stence of a link is widely assumed.

factor behind the boom is simply

that historically Japanese inv-

estors have been denied the opp-

ortunity to hoard gold. This, many

amount of pent up demand.

believe, has created an enormous

strictly controlled after the Second

World War by limiting overall

a negligible amount of gold itself,

this meant holding back imports,

which were not liberalised until

1973. The government acted then

to stem an embarrassingly large

inflow of smuggled gold, which

had been encouraged by art-

ificially high prices inside the cou-

Individual holdings of gold were

But perhaps the most important

kaging its ingots.

system.

By Richard C. Hanson

TOKYO: The Japanese have caught gold fever, paradoxically just as the yellow metal has lost much of its glittery allure in the West.

Last year an unprecedented rush to hoard gold made Japan, normally a minor operator in the world gold markets, the biggest source of new demand for gold in the world. Japan's imports of gold rose more than five fold during the year to about 167.3 tonnes. In one month alone. November, a drop in the price of gold to a two-year low prompted a record 43 tonnes of gold to be imported, helping make non-monetary gold the single biggest import from the European Community in 1981. Total gold imports amounted to Y537 billion (\$2.27 billion).

It is perhaps too early to say whether Japan's new found interest in gold is to be a temporary affair or a lasting love.

"Some people are very naive about gold," says Mr. Tadahiko Fukami, a senior managing director of Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo (TKK), by far the largest gold dealer in Japan (and the only one recognised as melter and assayer by the London Gold Market). "They just want to hold it in their hands, he says. About 80 per cent of the private gold sales are in the form of small 100 gram ingots or less.

Simple curiosity may also help explain why Japan alone last year continued to be a bullish buyer in an otherwise bearish market. The still prosperous Japanese are financially in a better position to indulge themselves in such cur-

A visit to TKK's busy main sales But the stage was not set for the outlet in downtown Tokyo indemergence of a lively gold retail icates that gold buyers are a divmarket until exports were liberse lot. TKK says its customers are particularly fussy that the gold eralised in July 1978. This assured they buy does indeed glister. So it investors that they would be able

The amount of gold being hoarded in Japan by individuals, despite three years of rapid growth, is still reckoned to he only 500 ton-

to sell any physical gold they bou-

nes. This compares with over 6.000 tonnes in France. TKK believes that Japanese consumers will eventually hoard up to 3,000 ton-

The Japanese government shows little interest in adding gold to the official reserves. It holds only 750 tonnes or so of gold. compared with 8,000 tonnes held by the U.S., preferring to keep most of its reserves invested in U.S. Treasury hills.

The U.S. obviously prefers this arrangement to having Japan buy Russian gold, and is believed many years ago to have discouraged a plan to buy gold directly from the Soviet Union. The Russians these days are actively promoting direct sales of gold to dealers in Tokyo.

There are two major efforts under way to make gold even more popular. First the commercial banks and securities houses are seeking permission to start. in April, selling physical gold across the counter in their branches. offering gold passbook accounts and gold certificates -- ideas borrowed from the U.S.

The banks want to compete directly with the handful of gold dealers already in the retail market. These include a tiny number of trade in gold. Since Japan produces newly-formed subsidiaries of securities houses (Nikko, Yamaichi and Daiwa) and a large trading house (Sumitomo Corporation).

But the main target is Tanaka Kikinzoku, which has 86 franchised outlets and a network of 500 shops as well as nine of its own branches spread throught Japan. TKK holds a monopolistic grip on retail sales, estimated at perhaps half to two-thirds of the market. It introduced Krugerrands into the market (five tonnes of them last year), and can claim more responsibility for fostering the gold boom than anyone except perhapthe Russians.

TKK, which was founded in 1885 and remains a tightly held family business, literally decides daily pricing for gold in Japan on its own.

TKK's virtual pricing monopoly is one of the main targets of thesa promoting the creation of a Tollyc Gold Futures Market. The 20 founding members of the market. mostly trading houses and mining companies, are under firm gaildance from the Ministry of intemational Trade and industry (MITT). It sat down last month is decide on rules before trading starts up late in March

TKK must consider those date. elopments a threat to its control of the market, it has in tast rather arrogantly refused to join the Gold Funires Market. So far that 34-member smelters' association has also toed the TKR him 1921. advocates of the market think some smelters will break rands at the market is a success.

MITT's strategy has been to take a cautions, non-disruptive mayroach to the market. Speculation. frowned upon by the Finance hanistry, will be discouraged by an extremely high cash margin (1.4) uirement of 20 per cent. Moteover, MITI calculates the animal trading volume will start on a low 3001-500 tonnes, or oust about twice demand for physical gold in Japan, By contrast, at the Contrain New York, the ratio is 24 to

MITI is not especially concorned that Tokyo take its place immediately as a link in the calemational gold futures market. Its aim is to provide a domestic mustket so that importers and users each hedge. More important, 5017; wants to use the obtained furnity market to help rid the market of the unseemly excesses of Japan's

-- Financial Tunes

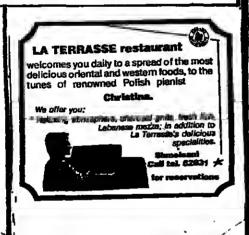
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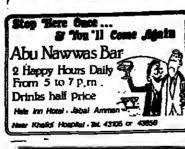


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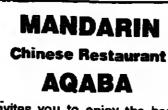




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### **MISCELLANEOUS**







# SPOPIS

# Czechoslovakia team has experience but some say younger players needed



This is one in a series of feature stories on soccer teams that will play in the World Cup in Spain June 13 - July 11. Czechoslovakia will play in Group 4 along with England, France

PRAGUE (A.P.) - If the World Soccer Cup in Spain is to be decided by experience. Cze-

choslovakia could be formidable. The Czechs have kept basically the same team for the last halfdozen years. They finished third in the European Championship two

At the heart of Czecb football are two seasoned stars of Dukla Prague -- striker Zdenek Nehoda, who recently took a law degree at Prague University, and Lla-dislav Vizek, a ball artist -- plus veteran striker Marian Masny of Slovan Bratislava.

But the critics wonder if coach Jozef Venglos is being too conservative in sticking to bis older players. They say Czechoslovakia must switch to younger strikers like Peter Janecka and Werner Licka if they are to survive the first stage of the World Cup.

The Czechs bave to edge past either France or England to getinto the two top places in their group and advance to the second phase. Kuwait is the fourth team: in the group and the underdog.

The Czechs had a moderately impressive record in the qualifying competition. They defeated Wales and the Soviet Union at home and held the Russians to a 1-1 draw in the last away game.
Wales edged the Czechs 1-0 at

home: Their major slip was to lose 0-3 in Turkey. And surprisingly they managed only a 1-1 in Ice-

Czech soccer players have the reputation of maturing more slo-

and Kuwait.

wly than players elsewbere. It is rare for teenagers to play in the Zech first division.

Venglos, commenting on Czechoslovakia's draw in Spain, said he would rely on the players from the 1980 European Cha-, mpionship side. But later he qualified his remarks.

'We will have to take into account overall performances -- in league games and international matches, he said. "We have a squad of 30 players to choose from. The decisive factors will be fitness and form.

A possible newcomer to the World Cup is forward Zdenek Valek, 24, of Banik Ostrava, who does equally well on both wings. He has already played for his cou-Another who has been awaiting

his chance is Thomas Kriz, 23, of Dukla Prague. Sports writers describe him as a stylish left winger who could become a great player. Until now Marian Masny has kept him out of the Czech lineup.

Both Venglos and Nehoda, the captain, said Czechoslovakia is in a tight group in Spain.

"It is probably the most balanced of the six groups," Nehoda said. "There are no clear fav-

"We don't know the strength of the Kuwaitis. They could be the surprise element, I am told they are surprisingly hard and fast." Some of the Czech team fear England, but Nehoda sought to reassure them. "The English never seem to play abroad with the zeal they show at home," he said. Czechoslovakia's World Cup.

squad might look like this: Goalkeepers: Stanislav Seman, Lokomotiv Kosice, age 30, 11 int-

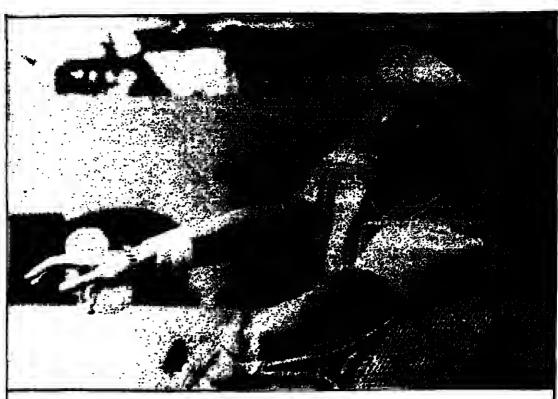
emational caps. He played in nine of the ten World Cup qualifying games. He is noted for catching high halls. Zdenek Hruska, Prague Bohemians, 27, 14 caps. Jaroslav Netolicka, Dukla Prague, 27, 14 caps.
Defenders: Ludek Macela,

Dukla Prague, 31,7 caps. Ladislav Jurkemic, Inter-Bratislava, 28, 44 caps. Rostislav Vojacek, Banik Ostrava, 32, 36 caps. Jozef Barmos, Inter-Bratislava, 27, 46 caps. Frantisek Jakubec, Prague Bohemians, 25, 6 caps. Midfielders: Jan Kozak. Dukla Prague, 27, 52 caps. Premyl Biscovsky, Prague Bohemians, 31, 37 caps. Antonin Panenka. Rapid Vienna, 34, 56 caps. He is one of Czechoslovakia s best known players, skillful but perhaps lacking in stamina. He may be passed over because he plays as a professional in Austria. Peter Nemec, Banik Ostrava, 24, 3 caps. Jan Berger,

Sparta Prague, 26, 9 caps.

Forwards: Ladislav Vizek. Dukla Prague, 26, 30 caps. Zdenek Nehoda, Dukla Prague, 31. 82 caps. He has scored more than 30 goals for Czechoslovakia. German clubs are reported to want him, but Czech players are not given permits to play abroad until they are 32. Marian Masny, Slovan Bratislava. 31. 72 caps. Werner Licka, Banik Ostrava, 27. 9 caps. Zdenek Valek, Banik Ostrava. rava, 24, 1 cap. Peter Janecka, Brnoi, 23, 11 caps. Tomas Kriz, Dukla Prague, 21, 3 caps.





Munich girl Sylvia Hanika wins New York tournament

BONN (DaD) — Sylvia Hanika, 22, from Munich, Federal Republic of Germany, beat Martina Nav-

rotilova of the United States 1-6, 6-3, 6-4 to win the Masters Final in New York. Miss Navratilova, the world's No.2 seed, said: "I wasn't my own worst enemy. Sylvia was simply fantastic. There was just nothing I could do about her serves." Miss Hanika had just recovered from a car crash last November. She has been playing tournament tennis for four seasons and hopes in a year or two to be among the top three.

Kuwait arranging World Cup shuttle for fans

### Salazar wins **Boston Marathon** in record time

BOSTON (R) — Alberto Salazar sprinted the final 800 metres and overtook leader Dick Beardsley to win a thrilling 86th annual Boston Marathon in a record two houn eight minutes 51 seconds Monday

Cuban-born Salazar, the faster marathon runner in the world, had shadowed fellow American Bea. resley over the last 11 km into the city centre. He then unleashed his telling spurt which carried him to a

narrow victory.

Beardsley refused to give up after the pre-race favourite shot past him and finished only two seconds, about seven metres, beh-

West German Charlotte Teske won the women's category with a time of 2:29:30, over three minutes slower than the race record set by New Zealander Allison Roe

last year. Sunny skies and a slight breeze greeted the 7,623 starters. American John Lodwick was a distant third in 2:12:01 and fourtimes winner Bill Rodgers of the

United States fourth in 2:12:38. The leader for the first 3.2 km was Thomas Awen of Tanzania. But he faded quickly when American Ron Tabb and Finlands Haken Spiik took the lead, running as a team.

### Hungary edges Yugoslavia at European table tennis

BUDAPEST (R) — Hungary sto-rmed to a remarkable 5-2 win over previously unbeaten Yugoslavia in the men's first category team event at the European Table Tennis Championships Monday night to snatch first place in Group B'.

The Hungarians looked in formidable form on the first day of the championships on Saturday when they thrashed the Soviet Union 5-0, only to fall to West Germany 5-3 later the same day.

Monday night they showed the sort of form which gave them five titles in the 1978 championships in Duisberg, West Germany. Yugoslavia also qualified for the sem-

Hungary will play titleholders in the other semifinal.

Sweden, who finished second in Group 'A' in one semifinal, while Yugoslavia meet the formidable Czechoslovak side. They completed five straight victories Monday to head group 'A'.

In the women's team event England topped Group' A' in the first category when they defeated the Soviet Union 3-1. West Germany were runners-up.

England, who have looked the team to beat in the championship so far, will play Romania. They beat Finland 3-0 Monday night to head Group 'B'.

Hungary completed a 3-2 vic-tory over Czechoslovakia to give them second place in the group and they will play West Germany

KUWAIT (A.P.) - Sports officials here are making arrangements to fly up to 10,000 soccer fans from Kuwait -- and perhaps as many as 90,000 from European vacation spots — to Spain for the World Cup finals in June

"We are in the process of finalising these arrangements," a spokesman for the Kuwaiti Foothall Federation said Tuesday might. "Initially, 4,260 are to be flown from Kuwait to Spain. But the number might in due course be increased to about 10,000."

and July.

In addition, many of the estimated 90,000 Kuwaitis who spend their summer vacations in Europe are expected to travel to Spain to cheer their countrymen

on, the official said. While travel agents will oversee Madrid, sports officials will sup-

ervise the process here in Kuwait Officials said eight boeing 747 jetliners of the Kuwait Airways Company (KAC) and 10 Air Iberia DC-10s have already been set aside on the assumption that 4,260 fans will go to Spain.

But a contingency plan has been devised whereby nine more Air Iberia DC-10s would be chartered hy KAC to fly an additional 5,000 or more fans. These fans will "pay their own

travel expenses," one official said. The government will not pay for

Kuwaitis are excited about their team's participation in the World Cup finals.

While we do not expect to win the World Cup, we hope our participation will show the world that travel arrangements for Kuwaitis Kuwaitis are Asia's football masbetween European capitals and ters," said one sports official, who requested anonymity.

He said the Football Federation will supply hundreds of thousands of flags and banners bearing the slogan "the camel is the winner."

The slogan alludes to last year's

World Cup elimination games in New Zealand, where the Kuwaiti team was "offended" by local fans who held signs saying "camel people, go home. Sheik Fahd Al-Ahmed, pre-sident of the Kuwaiti Footbal

Federation, declared at the time, we will show them that the people of the camels are masters of the football in Asia." When the New Zealand football

team visited here late last year for a return game with the Kuwaits, local fans pushed a line of cames onto the field.

Kuwait won the Gulf Football Tournament earlier this month. The team has since gone to Portugal for a series of friendly mat-

The Kuwaiti footballers also will visit Morocco for four friendly

matches before going to Spain in

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Lòcation 5th Circle Call 815033 after 2 p.m.

LOST

One black folder left in taxi last week, contents are small

calculator and personal papers with name of Roger Tai-

Please return to Marriott Hotel room 326 desk for reward.

### INDEPENDENT FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

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Ground floor with independent entrance and garden. Apartment consists of two bedrooms, salon, dining room and utilities, with central heating and telephone.

RENT

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Opposite to and overlooking Holiday Inn.

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nished. Central heating and tel. ext.

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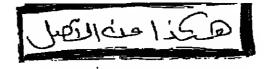
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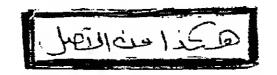
Tel. 43319 and 42129 from 8 a.m. till 10 p.m. Note: Tuning with electronic machine

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Location: Suweileh near the University of Jordan. If interested please call 844718.





# Adams depicts political impact of U.S. television

By Dr. William Adams

WASHINGTON — How does the United States media cover explosive news from the Middle East? How is international news from Europe presented to Americans? Did American network news affect the outcome of the 1980 presidential campaign?

JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

although there is still room for

improvement, the quality of cov-

erage has improved substantially

and Americans are learning far

more about international affairs.

and research techniques, Adams

has compiled data and edited a

wide range of studies by other res-

earchers on the provocative imp-

lications of mass media messages.

The books and articles he has edi-

ted deal with the effects of the

media oo American public opi-nion, mass media and the dyn-

amics of American politics and the

resulting role of American public

opinion oo Americao foreign pol-

associates in the field of mass

communications conclude that

since the early 1970's, the Middle

East has generally dominated the

foreign news arena on television in

the United States. And the Middle

East is extensively covered in

WHAT THOSE

HOBOES WERE TELLING.

Now arrange the circled letters to

form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: AWARD OUNCE GOPHER INBORN

Answer: Might provide some rest for a tired fish— THE OCEAN BED

(Answers tomorrow)

The studies by Adams and his

Using a variety of disciplines

Dr. William Adams, professor the United States. He said that and researcher at George Washington University in Washington is an expert on the questions of mass communications. On May 8 he will leave for a three-week trip to Europe and the Middle East sponsored by the United States International Communication Agency, (ICA).

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In a recent interview with ICA. Dr. Adams said that "international communications is right at the heart of my research."

I think people overseas are very interested in how Americans · learn about their country just as Americans are sensitive about the image people in other countries have of the United States," he explained, adding that he was anxious to hear directly from overseas audiences on the results of his fin-

According to Adams, great strides have been made in the last 10 years in international news coverage by the press and television in

Unscrambla these four Jumbles

one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

**NOMEW** 

CUJIE

**SWAALY** 

BRICKE

Print answer here:

American newspapers as well.

"Coverage is overwhelmingly based on the Arab-Israeli conflict," Adams explains. "Israel and the States that border Israel are given massive news atteotion." But, he adds, "one of the significant developments of the 1970's was increased media interest in the Palestinians, the West Bank and Palestinian org-

The Iranian hostage crisis and the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan have also received wider coverage. Adams reports that news accounts of events in those areas helped shape American knowledge of the previously little known country of Afghanistan and resulted in an entirely different American conception of Iran since the overthrow of the

But Adams pointed out that despite the substantial increase in Middle East news coverage, there has been no substantial coverage by the United States media of particular gulf or Arabian peninsula countries, "Arab states in North Africa and the States around the Gulf are dealt with collectively when they operate through the vehicle of OPEC," he explained.

In Western Europe, Adam's studies conclude, American network Televisioo News provides good coverage. He reports that in the last decade or so. Germany has received consistant attention.

Eastern Europe, however, is a major departure from this pattern, he says, "With the exception of upheaval in Czechoslovakia in 1968 and in Poland during the past three years, Eastern Europe is ordinarily given very little attention by the television net-

Adams's studies also include analyses on the American primary conventions, debates, and other

FINANCE

THE BETTER HALF.

parts of the 198tl presidential election campaign. He examined how particular political issues were covered throughout the campaign

and how treatment of the cam-

paign may have influenced voting behaviour Adams describes his primary objective as charting the effects of mass media. He stresses that he does not volunteer advice to the networks or newspapers "Scholars can be distracted trying to influence decision makers." he says. Once a researcher begins telling the networks how to do their

essments of what news ought to William Adams leaches research methods and statistics in the public administration department at George Washington University. where he has also developed courses in "television and politics."

job, he insists, he can become ent-

angled in his own personal ass-

He edited "relevision and nerwork news: Issues in content research," a highly regarded guide to scholarly research that was selected by academics as an essential book for a college and university libraries. His latest series of content analyses of political communications is a three-volume work: "Television coverage of the Middle East, television coverage of international affairs and television coverage of the 1980 pre-

Adams received his bachelor of arts degree in 1971 from Baylor University in Texas and his master of arts degree in 1972 from George Washington University. In 1977, he earned a doctor of philosophy degree in political sci-

sidential campaign.

During his upcoming tour, Adams expects to visit Mainz and West Berlin, Budapest, Cairo, East Jerusalem/West Bank and

--NESA feature

By Vinson

sold at 120 shops between West Berlin and New York.

### After years of debate

## India switches on to colour television

By Granville Watts Rewer

NEW DELHI - The Indian govemment after debating the question for years, has taken the plunge and decided to convert its aging black and white television system to colour. India has become virtually isolated in television terms in Asia with even its comparatively tiny neighbours like Sri Lanka and Bangladesh boasting a flourishing colour television ser-

Now Information and Broadeasting Minister Vasant Sathe, a tireless advocate for colour televisioo, has told parliament that the government has agreed to colour television being phased in

This means that in the initial period the state-run TV service will screen films and other features in colour while keeping new broadcasts and studio presentations in black and white.

What took India so long to make up its mind to go colour is mainly the sobering fact that half the country's population of 680 million people still live below the poventy level.

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi had privately expressed reservations about introducing colour television after she was returned to power in Jan. 1980. She was reinforced by some

ministers and members of her ruling Congress (1) Party who said it was ludicrous to introduce colour TV to India when thousands of Indian villages were still without supplies of drinking water and ele-

But Mr. Sathe and the recommendations of expert committees set up to consider the question finally convinced Mrs. Gandhi that India, like most other countries in the world, should go

Mr. Sathe and his supporters said it was becoming increasingly difficult to operate Indian television because of the difficulty of

obtaining and exchanging black and white programmes. They said the whole technology of television in India was being held back because of the lack of

While awaiting the final goahead, some enterprising companies have already established the production of colour television

It was estimated that a 201-inch colour set would cost about \$1,160 -- almost lour times as much as an average black and

white receiver. Colour TV programmes are likely to be initially aimed at urban-

audiences, but colour decumentary and educational films eventually are expected to be piped direct via satellite to special. community receivers in thousands of Indian villages.

"Colour television might even have an impact on India's rampant birth rate, with villagers watching TV rather than retiring early to bed." one official said

Television was first introduced into India in Sept. 1950 and mancritics felt it has harely improved since then.

Bored urban viewers in Delh awn their way through turmers programmes showing how to dig a well and the only foreign serial which is avidly watched every Thursday night, is a 3-year-old American series called "I love

# Sander wins world award For the second year running Hamburg fashion designer Jil Sander.

38, has won the Golden Thread award of the International linen collection in the Federal confederation for the best linen collection in the Federal Republic of Germany. Last year she won silver in LA for trouser suit. She uses special materials such as silk, cashmere. flanel and leather. Her patterns are simple and designed to stress personality not good looks. She studied in Los Angeles and worked as a fashion writer in New York and Hamburg before opening her first Jil Sander boutique in Hamburg in 1968. She now exports models to America, France and other Western countries. They are

### TÜRK HAVA YOLLARI The Turkish airline General agents in Jordan SKYWAYS Travel and Tourism in cooperation with Al Fadi Tourism and Travel Agency Announce lourist trips to **ISTANBUL** and ANKARA In tisit their beautiful fourist and untiquities sites, Secunnodation at first-class botels with two meats, including transportation. Beginning May 3., 1982, 1wo flights weekly. For reservations and information, proof corner SKYWAYS Travel and Tourism general agent's for Türk Hava Yoffari ving Hussein Street, appasity the central bus station, Amnian. Al Fadi, Tourism and Travel Agency Interior Ministry Circle, Let. 68452 Zahran Centre Building, Amman. TÜRK HAVA YOLLARI

### **Peanuts**









### Mutt 'n' Jeff







Every time we get our heads above water, she

puts a new hat on HERS!"

### **Andy Capp**









### FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, APR. 21, 1982

### YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The early part of the day is excellent for making future plans that have to do with home, family, property and possessions. Figure out what obstacles you have to overcome.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19] You can benefit a great deal with a concerted effort in career activities now. Ideal evening for entertaining congeniels.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Be alert to new methods that could make your regular routines more efficient. Express happiness with friends tonight.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21] Study your financial status well and make plans to have more security. Show othera that you can he relied upon. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 211 Make plans to

puraue personal aims that are important to you and get good results. Think constructively. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Confer with a financial expert for advice you need. The evening is fine for having a plea-

sant time with the one you love. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Study the position you hold in your community and try to improve it in some

way. Show that you have ability. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22| Make sure business affairs are well handled early in the day. The evening is fine for deepening bonds between you and friends.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 211 Take time to study new outlets that could help you become more successful in the future. Use more of your latent talents.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be sure not to invest more money than you can afford in a new project. Show more affection to loved one.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Listening to the suggestions of associates can bring greater benefits in the future. Don't neglect important bills. 'AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You can easily handle

all that work ahead of you if you persevere end don't acatter your forces. Be logical. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Put your finest talents to

work early in the day and get excellent results. Engage in hobbiea during spare time. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be one with the knack of bringing harmony into the home and can stop arguments cleverly. Give as fine an educa-

tion as you can and direct it towards merchandising and allied fielda for best results. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

of your life is largely up to you!

### THE Daily Crossword By Frank R. Jackson

Neptune

38 — canafs

40 Timetable

41 A Fleming

measures

42 Printer's

43 Bela Lyon

John

or Edwin

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Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:



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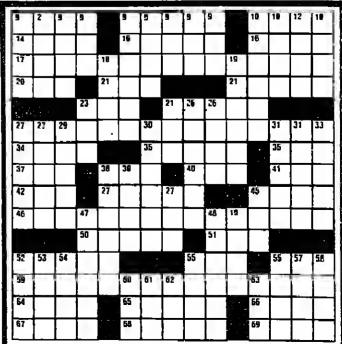
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# WOELD

# Italian Socialists insist Christian Democrat resign

ROME (R) — Socialists staged a mass walk-out from the Senate Tuesday in protest against the continued presence in the govemment of Treasury Minister Nino Andreatta.

The Socialists have demanded the resignation of the Christian Democratic minister, alleging that he accused them of moving Italy towards national socialism.

Earlier Republican Prime Minister Giovanni Spadolini, struggling to hold together the warring factions within his five-party coalition, held a brief cabinet mee-

ting.
The 40-minute meeting approved a technical amendment to the 1982 budget but ministers said no progress was made to resolve the crisis which threatens to topple the government.

### The only solution

"Only the resignation of Andreatta could repair the rift." the Social Democratic labour minister, Michele di Giesi, told reporters after the cabinet meeting. All major Italian newspapers today said that Mr. Spadolini's days in power were numbered and snap elections near unless he managed to persuade the Chr-

Andreatta. Mr. Andreatta, hacked by his party leadership, has so far refused to resign and a Christian Democratic Party statement issued Tuesday pointedly ignored the Socialist demand.

istian Democrats to sacrifice Mr.

The state confirmed the Christian Democratic support of the five-party coalition and said it opposed early elections.

This is unlikely to appease the Socialists and parliamentary sourees said that parliament could be dissolved by May 12 and elections beld as early as June 27.

### Last-ditch efforts

The prime minister, a 56year-old professor of history, has not yet given in. Government sources said he was engaged in a number of mediation efforts with the aim of at least preventing the 1982 hudget dying with the gov-

After a tortuous seven-month progress through parliament the

mildly deflationary hudget is poi- sibly pave the way for a Socialist sed for final approval.

sources said.

The Socialists, deeply dissatisfied with their junior role in the coalition, said before the present crisis that they considered passage of the budget their last duty in the Spadolini government.
Issues causing friction ranged from the Siberian gas pipeline deal with the Soviet Uoion, which Mr. Spadolini decided to put on ice, to El Salvador.

### Craxi's bid

### **Post-winter** battles reported in Afghanistan

NEW DELHI (R) - Soviet and Afghan forces regained control of a strategic district northwest of Kahul over the past week when heavy military activity resumed after a winter full, diplomatic sou-

rces said here Tuesday.
The fighting took place around
Pagman, 20 kilometres (12 miles)

Kabul and Pagman.

the city to the Soviet Embassy.

### GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

"fourth-suit forcing." Is this something new? I have been playing bridge for almost 40 years and have nsually played that the fourth suit was forcing. Am I missing. snmething?-E. Stein,

Bronx, N.Y. (This question has been awarded the weekly prize.) A.-Life will he simpler if we start off by giving an example of a hid in the fourth

> North South 1 + 2 + 2 0 2 °

In the good old days, two hearts showed a genuine suit and, since it was a oew suit by responder, it was automatically forcing. On occasion, the bid was made on a three-card fragment to pinpoint high-card values.

Those players who use the "fourth-suit forcing" principle do not promise anything of value in the suit hid. Indeed, more often than not the bid suit will contain three low cards.

The purpose of the bid is to clarify certain holdings that are difficult to bid in normal methods. For example, here's a typical holding for this

♦Kx ♥xxx 0Qxx ♦AKJxx· South has no good rehid over two diamonds. He caonot jump to three spades with a doubleton honor or raise to three diamonds with; only three-card support. Nor can he hid no trump with nothing in hearts. And a: rehid of three cluhs would show a weaker hand with a better and looger club suit.

the Senate (Upper House) is likely to vote its financial provisions into law later Tuesday, leaving only the uncontroversial government accounts to be dealt with later, the

At the root of the rivalry is the conviction of Socialist Party leader Bettino Craxi that snap elections would boost his party's strength in parliament and pos-

northwest of Kabul, which had been reported largely under rebel control during the winter, A government presence inside the town had been resupplied by convoy every few weeks, the sources said.

Soviet and Afghan armour were reported to have taken positions around the rebel stronghold of Khoja Musafer, a village near Pagman, last week and government officials were able to travel relatively freely between

In Kabul itself, the sources said, rebel attacks on Afghan and Soviet personnel continued. In one attack receotly three Soviet soldiers were killed while travelling hy jeep from a southern area of

ing opener to describe his

So repsonder makes a fourth suit rehid of two hearts, ask 🕆 1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

hand further. DEAR MR. GOREN Opener makes his next hid according to an established Q .- From time to time I order of priorities. He is barred from making a jump raise have come across the term in the fourth suit, since that may not be a genuine suit. In-

> stead, he must hid no trump if he has a stopper in the fourth suit. With four-card support, he may raise the fourth suit. If none of these cases apply, opener hids naturally-he can support responder's first-hid suit with three cards in it, or else rehid his original suit or his second suit, if that is a fivecarder.

A hid of the fourth suit usually promises a minimum of about 11 points. It is forcing for one round only - not to game. Thus, opener must he wary that he does not get left in a contract below game level when he has a good hand. For example, with a good stopper in the fourth suit and a hand that is good enough for game even opposite a minimum fourth-suit bid, opener should jump to

Also, responder could have a very good hand for bis fourth-suit bid. It could simply be that he was seeking clarification from opener before driving to game, or else he was starting a slam probe. On all those hands, responder will simply keep hidding after opener has shown what type of hand he

game in no trump.

On those hands where responder has a genuine fourth-suit, he will usually hid no trump at his next tur o. With five cards in the fourth suit, responder simply rebids that suit to clear up his

prime minister. The party secretary told the Ita-lian news magazine Il Mondo that his party enjoyed a much greater support in Italy than they gained in the last elections. An opinion poll published in Il Mondo Tuesday picked Mr. Craxi as Italy's most powerful figure ahead of Fiat chief Gianni Agnelli and Pope

### Kyprianou drops eight ministers in reshuffle

NICOSIA (R) — Cypriof President Spyros Kyprianou Tuesday dropped eight of his 11 cabinet ministers, reshuffled three others and announced he would seek re-election when his current fiveyear term of office expires next

February. Only Foreign Minister Nicos Rolandis, Interior and Defence Minister Christodoulos Veniamin and Minister to the Presideot Stelios Katsellis survived the reshuffle.

Political sources said the changes were part of Mr. Kyprianou's re-election campaign.

A joint statement from the president's Democratic Party and the Communist Akel Party said the two would work together to win Mr. Kyprianou a second term.

Political sources said the statement put Mr. Kyprianou in a strong position in the 35-seat house of representatives, where Akel has 12 seats and the Democratic Party eight.

### Iranian convicts said forced to donate blood

LONDON (R) — Opponents of the authorities in Iran have made public a document purporting to show that prisoners under sentence of death are forced to donate blood.

The document, distributed to the press in London by supporters. of former president Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, bore the stamp of Iran's revolutionary prosecutor-general's office.

It urged religious judges throughout the country to make sure that the blood of people condemned to death was taken shortly before their execution.

Irao's revolutionary leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini had sanctioned the order, saying . there was no religious ban on the issue of taking blood before execution, according to the document.

Meanwhile, the office of Mr. Bani-Sadr in Paris has issued a statement alleging that suicide, mainly because of torture, is widespread among political prisoners

### Rehearsing for the worst



Landing craft from HMS Hermes exercise in the Atlantic as the fleet makes its way south to the

Falkland Islands. (A.P. wirephoto)

### Schmidt defends his missile policy

MUNICH (R) - West German Chancelior Helmut Schmidt appealed to his Social Democratic Party (SPD) Tuesday to back

NATO's nuclear missiles strategy. He told a national SPD congress that the West would not drop plans to deploy U.S. mediumrange missiles in West Germany next year unless the Soviet Union renounces its incredible armada of SS-20 (missiles)" aimed at Western Europe.

Defending his stance against party critics in a fighting speech, Mr. Schmidt said: "I can see no logic in changing this policy now, just 18 months after the voters approved it and after only four months of the (U.S.-Soviet) negotiations."

The chancellor said a nuclear

arms freeze, as proposed by a vociferous SPD minority in congress motions, would remove pressure on Moscow to negotiate seriously

on arms curbs in Geneva. Mr. Schmidt received the customary standing ovation for his two-hour speech, but the applause was shorter than for Monday's opening report by party chairman Willy Brandt and some of the 440 delegates remained seated.

Among those who remained seated were delegates from Schleswig-Holstein and south Hesse, whose local party organisations have urged Bonn to refuse deployment of U.S. Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles.

Echoing former chancellor Brandt, Mr. Schmidt urged the SPD to end damaging internal div-

### U.S. arms sales likely to reach \$25 to 30 billion

WASHINGTON (R) - U.S. arms exports were likely to reach a record level of between \$25 to 30 billion this year, a private defence study group said Tuesday.

The Washington-based centre for defence information gave the forecast in a study which is highly critical of the Reagan administration's policy on arms sales.

It said U.S. arms deals including government military cash sales, loans and grants, plus sales by private American defence companies. were likely to total \$25 to 30 hillion in the 1982 financial year that ends

The previous record of \$17.7 hillion was set in 1975 under president Gerald Ford.

### National security

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. could cut proposed long-range defence spending by \$130 hillion without jeopardising national security,

according to a study released Monday. The study by defence analyst William Kaufmann of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology calls for scrapping the B-1 bomber and the two new nuclear aircraft carriers requested by President

It was published by the Brookings Institution, a private research organisation, in its annual review of the U.S. hndget.

Mr. Reagan, citing an increasing Soviet threat, has called for \$1,600 billion in arms expenditures over the next five years, with next year's spending at \$216 billion.

Mr. Kaufmann said national security would not be endangered if the 1983 budget were cut by \$11 billion, with even larger savings in mic energy and economic policy to win hack the confidence of West German voters.

isions over nuclear weapons, ato-

His leading SPD critic, left-winger Erhard Eppler, said in a later speech that the party could be revived only by taking up ecology issues and demands for an alternative security policy articulated by a growing anti-nuclear movement outside the SPD.

But Mr. Schmidt, who looked pale and at times sounded hoarse, warned advocates of an altemative security policy they would find no allies in Washington, Paris or London.

Appealing for greater SPD backing for his left-liberal coalition, he said: "To tell you the truth, one sometimes feels rather alone with the responsibilities of state."

Mr. Schmidt welcomed recent statements hy President Reagan and Soviet President Leonid Brezhnevexpressing readmess to hold a summit meeting-later this year. He said the meeting promised to produce important arms control

Delegates were expected to give a comfortable majority, probably on Thursday, to a party executive motion which implicitly eodorses NATO strategy, but postpones a final SPD decision until late next

Chancellor Schmidt said 1982 was a year of fateful decisions for the Bonn coalition between the SPD and the liberal Free Democrats (FDP).

He cited the international challenges of the economic summit in France as well as the NATO summit in Bonn next June, and the domestic challenges of regional elections in Hamhurg, Hesse and

Mr. Schmidt said all this was happening against the background of a world economic crisis and it was "important not to hand over the ship of state to another command during very beavy wea-

### Soviets launch orbiter station

MOSCOW (R) - A new unmanned Soviet space statioo lannched into successful orbit Monday will be used for a joint Soviet-French manned space mission in June.

The Soviet news agency TASS said Tuesday that all sy board Salyut-7 were functioning normally after its launch from the Baikonur Space Centre in Soviet Kazakhstan.

TASS said the new Salvut, which will replace the ageing Salyut-6 station, will carry out scientific and technical research and test modernised systems and new equipment. French sources said the first

mission of the new Salyut, which is eircling the earth every 90 minutes at a height of up to 278 kilometres, would be to receive a three-man Soviet-French crew in June.

It will be the first East-West space flight since the July 1975 Apollo-Soyuz space link-up between the Soviet Union and the United States.

In the first phase of the joint mission, two Soviet cosmonauts will be launched to prepare the Salyut station and carry out an onboard systems check.

The three-man Soviet-French crew will follow a few days later aboard a Soyuz-T spacecraft, a modernised version of the Soyuz module used in earlier Soviet manned space exploration.

France's Lt.-Col. Jean-Loup Chretien, 43, will be co-pilot and engineer. He will be accompanied by two experienced Soviet space travellers, the mission commander, Col. Yuri Malyishev, and engineer Alexandre Ivanchenkov.

Col. Chretien and his understudy, Commander Patrick Baudry, members of the French Air Force on secondment from France's National Centre of Scientific Research, have spent two years outside Moscow preparing for the flight.

### Spanish coup trial adjourned

MADRID (R) - The two-month old Spanish coup trial was adjourned for a week Tuesday to give the prosecution and defence time to prepare their summing up.

The president of the court martial, Lt.-Gen. Luis Alvarez, announced the suspension after the last witness, a socialist par-:liamentarian, was crossexamined.

The trial was originally expected to be over by the end of this month, hut Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo has said he no longer expects sentences to be passed until late next month or early in June.

The defendants - 32 officers, including three generals, and a civilian - face sentences ranging from 18 months to 30 years in prison if convicted on charges of military rebellion arising from an attempted coup last year.

utions of disputes. Indonesian aide arrives in Riyadh

of state for foreign affairs, Youssef Al Alwai, arrived here Tuesday and immediately conferred with President Hosni Mubarak at the Ouroha presidential palace. Later, he told reporters he had delivered a letter to Mr. Mubarak from Sultan Qaboos Ibn Said of Oman. He said the letter dealt with the situation in the Arab World. The two countries were continuing their consultations on events in the Gulf and the latest developments in the Israeli withdrawal from Sinai, he said. Mr. Al Alwai, who is due to return home later Tuesday, said Sultan Qaboos would prohably visit

### Tunisian aide goes to Malta

VALLETTA (R) — Tunisian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Mahmoud Mestiri arrived in Malta Tuesday for a two-day off-

# Shuttle flights to become routine by 1983

By James Foller

WASHINGTON - Four astronauts will fly aboard the Ame-November on its fifth mission -the first of a long series of shuttle flights to launch satellites and carry commercial payloads into

The national aeronautics and releasing the payload manifest for shuttle flights through 1987, said the fifth flight will be the first time four people will have been launched in one spacecraft. One more test flight is planned - prohahly in late June - before the

operational flights begin.

The five-year manifest also includes the first use of spacelab-the reusable spaceborne laboratory - and the first manned excursion outside the space shuttle to service an ailing satellite. A fleet of four shuttles will be operating on a sch-edule by the end of this period.

The manifest represents the beginning of operational carrying missions for the shuttle, and looks to the day when the four-shuttle fleet will operate on an airline-like schedule, with passengers and cargos manifested on a reliable, guaranteed basis.

Following the shuttle's final test flight scheduled for late June and its first operational flight in November, the manifest calls for six flights in 1983, eleven in 1984, 15 in 1985, 16 in 1986, and eleveo through September 1987, Private industry will be the biggest user, followed by the Defence Department, NASA and other U.S. government agencies.

A number of other nations are also scheduled to use the space shuttle, including Canada, Colombia, West Germany, India, rican space shuttle Columbia next Indonesia, Italy, Australia, Luxembourg, Japan, and the Arab Satellite Communications Organisation (ARABSAT).

The fourth and final test flight of the space shuttle Columbia in June scheduled to last seven days, space administration (NASA), will carry the first department of defence payload into space. The Defence Department is both a major investor in the shuttle and a major user, with payloads scheduled on more than a third of projected launches. The Defence Department plans eventually to use the shuttle as a replacement for expendable launchers for its full range of reconnaissance, navigation, and intelligencegathering satellites.

### Getaway special

The Columbia's fourth mission will carry the first "getaway special." a small, self-contained payload for scientific research spousored by a private industry. Some 320 "getaway specials" have been booked for future shuttle flights on a first come, first served basis by 191 experimenters, including small companies, private organisations, and even high school

The Columbia will also carry another payload of scientific ins-.truments to evaluate the shuttle's environment in orbit, such as the contamination monitor package to check contaminations m and around the orbiter that might aff
The orbiters "discovery" and around the orbiter that might aff
"Atlantis" are also scheduled for

ect delicate experiments on future launch by 1985.

a four-man crew will carry the first commercial payload in the form of two communications satellites -one built by a Canadian firm to provide communications and televisioo coverage to a trans-

Canada network of earth stations. A spinning platform with a spring-loaded device aboard the orbiter will be used to push the satellites away from the shuttle. Solid propellant upper-stage booters will then rocket the satellites from the shuttle's low-earth orbit into a higher orbit used by most communications satellites -about 41,000 kilometres above

the earth. The scheduled five-day mission will end with the first landing of the shuttle on a concrete runway at the Kennedy Space Centre in Florida. Up to now the Columbia only has touched down on hadpacked desert landing strips. The planned landing at Kennedy is expected to cut several weeks off the "turnaround fime" currently needed to service the shuttle and

### return it to duty. Challenger

The sixth shuttle mission, scheduled for January 1983, will see the first launch of the orbiter Challenger." The Challenger, due to arrive at the Kennedy Space Centre launch site in June. will have room for a crew of seven men and women, although this flight will carry a crew of only four.

The sixth flight will also for the The Columbia's fifth flight with 'first time use special NASA communications satellites instead of ground stations to provide communications and data links with the Challenger during its two-day

> The first spacelab mission will be launched aboard the Columbia in Sept. 1983 and will last for one week. One European and one American scientist, called "payload specialists," will be aboard, as well as a four-man crew of astronauts. The reusable spacelab, which will he transported in the shuttle's cargo hay for missions lasting from seven to 30 days, was built for NASA by the European space agency at a cost of \$950 mil-

Spacelah consists of two sections, a pressurised laboratory module in which experimenters can work in a shirtsleeve environment, and an unpressurised pallet with instruments such as telescopes, antennas and other sensors for direct exposure to space when the orbiter cargo bay doors are open.

### Solar Maximum

In Dec. 1983 NASA has planned for a possible manned excursion outside the space shuttle to service a \$75-million satellite heing used to study solar flares on the sun's surface. The NASA satellite, which was launched in 1980, failed to operate properly after three fuses hiew.

Plans call for an astronaut pro-

pelled by a jet-powered backpack to move out and position the satellite so it can be grappled by the sbuttle's 15-metre-long mechanical arm. The satellite would be berthed in the cargo bay for repair and deployed back into space to continue ints investigations of the sun.

This so-called "solar Maximum" satellite was the first built with a grappling device that enables it to be retrieved by the shuttle orbiters' mechanical arm. The arm was tested successfully by ast-. ronauts on the Columbia's second. and third flights.
In Jan. 1985 the shuttle Cha-

llenger will carry and launch the space telescope, an optical observatory system designed to operate for 15 years in orbit. The space telescope will allow scientists to gaze seven times farther into space than ever before. The telescope will be maintained in orbit by shuttle revisit flights, during which astronauts will replace worn or broken components. NASA planners hope eve-

ntually to erect a multipurpose facility, called a "space platform" or a "space station," in orbit around the earth. The station would be occupied year after year well into the next century. Astronauts, scientists and other workers, perhaps eight to 16 at a time, would come and go by shuttle every few months. NASA believes such a space station is needed because the shuttle cannot generate enough electric power to run experiments for much longer than seven days at a time.

### NEWS **BRIEFS** Bus route opened between Tripoli. Tunisian town BEIRUT (R) - A new bus route

MIDDLE

EAST

between the Libyan capital Tripoli and the Tunisian town of Gabes opened Tuesday, two months after a reconciliation visit to Tunis by Lihvan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi, the official Libyan news agency JANA said. During the Fehruary visit, hilled hy officials of both countries as marking a new era in relations, Libya and Tunisia signed cooperation agreements including one to reopen road, rail and telecommunications links. Tunisian Social Affairs Minister Mohammad Ennaceur Tuesday signed a new agreement in Tripoli covering a timetable for integrating the economies of the two countries, JANA added.

### U.S. to sell arms to Bahrain and S. Arabia

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. Defence Department Tuesday announced plans to provide Bahrain with the nucleus of its own air force and to sell anti-tank missiles to Saudi Arabia. The Peotagon told congress it intends to provide Bahrain with six F-5 fighters as well as 60 air-to-air missiles costing a total of \$114 million, The 1,010 anti-tank missiles for Saudi Arabia would be worth \$22 mil-

### Benjedid urges Non-aligned unity

BELGRADE (R) — Algeria and Yugoslavia at a dinner Monday night urged strengthening unity of the Non-aligned Movement and called on its members to resolve existing conflicts. Yugoslav President Sergej Kraigher in a toast to Algerian President Chadli Benjedid stressed the importance of stopping the war between Iran and Iraq, both Non-aligned countries, before the Non-aligned summit scheduled to be held in Baghdad next September. Mr. Benjedid in his reply called for the strict respect of basic Non-aligned principles including peaceful sol-

JEDDAH (R) — Indonesizi Defence Minister Mohammad Jusuf arrived in Riyadh Tuesday for a three-day visit to Saudi Arahia. Gen. Jusuf, accompanied by a high-ranking military delegation, was quoted by the Saudi Press Agency as saying his trip aimed at strengthening Indonesian-Saudi ties. The Saudi defence minister, Prince Sultan Ibu Abdulaziz, who met the general at the airport, told the agency that bonds with Indonesia were stronger than bilateral agreements as the two countries both belonged to the Jeddah-hased Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC).

### Omani minister visits Mubarak

CAIRO (R) — Oman's minister

Cairo shortly.

icial visit. Mr. Mestiri will have talks with Maltese Foreign Minrister Alex Scerberras-Trigona on bilateral and Mediterranean iss--- USICA feature ues and is also likely to meet Prime Minister Dom Mintoff.

